

CardioPerfect Workstation SpiroPerfect Module - User Manual



EC REP

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CardioPerfect Workstation



SpiroPerfect Module – User Manual

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The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. All changes will be in compliance with regulations governing manufacture of medical equipment.

User responsibility

This product is designed to perform in conformity with the description thereof contained in this manual and accompanying labels and inserts, when assembled, operated, maintained and repaired in accordance with the instructions provided. A defective product should not be used. Parts that are broken, plainly worn, missing or incomplete, distorted or contaminated should be replaced immediately. Should any repair or replacement become necessary, we recommend that service be performed at the nearest approved service center. The user of the product shall have the sole responsibility for any malfunction, which results from improper use, faulty maintenance, improper repair, damage or alteration by anyone other than Welch Allyn or their authorized service personnel.

Accessories

The Welch Allyn warranty can only be honored if you use Welch Allyn approved accessories and replacement parts.



Caution Use of accessories other than those recommended by Welch Allyn may compromise product performance.



Warranty, Service, and Spare Parts

Warranty

All repairs on products under warranty must be performed or approved by Welch Allyn. Unauthorized repairs will void the warranty. In addition, whether or not covered under warranty, any product repair shall exclusively be performed by Welch Allyn certified service personnel.

Assistance and Parts

If the product fails to function properly or if assistance, service, or spare parts are required, contact the nearest Welch Allyn Technical Support Center.

USA	1-800-535-6663	Canada	1-800-561-8797
Latin America	(+1) 305-669-9003	South Africa	(+27) 11-777-7555
European Call Center	(+353) 46-90-67790	Australia	(+61) 2-9638-3000
United Kingdom	(+44) 207-365-6780	Singapore	(+65) 6419-8100
France	(+33) 1-55-69-58-49	Japan	(+81) 42-703-6084
Germany	(+49) 695-098-5132	China	(+86) 21-6327-9631
Netherlands	(+31) 202-061-360	Sweden	(+46) 85-853-65-51

Before contacting Welch Allyn it is helpful to attempt to duplicate the problem and to check all accessories to ensure that they are not the cause of the problem.

When calling, please be prepared to provide:

- Product name and model number and complete description of the problem
- The serial number of your product (if applicable)
- The complete name, address and phone number of your facility
- For out-of-warranty repairs or spare parts orders, a purchase order (or credit card) number
- For parts order, the required spare or replacement part number(s)

Repairs

If your product requires warranty, extended warranty, or non-warranty repair service, please call first the nearest Welch Allyn Technical Support Center. A representative will assist you troubleshooting the problem and will make every effort to solve it over the phone, avoiding potential unnecessary return.

In case the return cannot be avoided, the representative will record all necessary information and will provide a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number, as well as the appropriate return address. A Return Material Authorization (RMA) number must be obtained prior to any return.

Note Welch Allyn does not accept returned products without an RMA.

Packing Instructions

If you have to return goods for service, follow these recommended packing instructions:

- Remove all hoses, cables, sensors, power cords, and ancillary products (as appropriate) before packing, unless you suspect they are associated with the problem.
- Wherever possible use the original shipping carton and packing materials.
- Include a packing list and the Welch Allyn Return Material Authorization (RMA) number.

It is recommended that all returned goods be insured. Claims for loss or damage to the product must be initiated by the sender.



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Limited Warranty Statement

Welch Allyn, Inc. warrants that the SpiroPerfect computer based Spirometer you have purchased (the Product) meets the labeled specifications of the Product and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship that occur within 1 year after the date of purchase. Accessories used with the Product are warranted for 90 days after the date of purchase. Such accessories include: disposable flow transducers, pressure tubing, and nose clip.

The date of purchase is: 1) the date specified in our records, if you purchased the Product directly from us, 2) the date specified in the warranty registration card that we ask you to send to us, or 3) if you don't return the warranty registration card, 120 days after the date on which the Product was sold to the dealer from whom you bought the Product, as documented in our records.

This warranty does not cover damage caused by: 1) handling during shipping, 2) use or maintenance contrary to labeled instructions, 3) alteration or repair by anyone not authorized by Welch Allyn, and 4) accidents.

You assume all responsibility for use of the Product with any hardware or software that does not meet the system requirements described in the Product documentation.

If a Product or accessory covered by this warranty is determined to be defective because of defective materials, components, or workmanship, and the warranty claim is made within the warranty period described above, Welch Allyn will, at its discretion, repair or replace the defective Product or accessory free of charge.

You must obtain a return authorization from Welch Allyn to return your Product before you send it to Welch Allyn's designated service center for repair.

THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. WELCH ALLYN'S OBLIGATION UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCTS CONTAINING A DEFECT. WELCH ALLYN IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM A PRODUCT DEFECT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY.



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1 Introduction

1.1 About This Manual

This manual is written for clinical professionals performing pulmonary function testing. Users must be familiar with measurements and the clinical significance of basic spirometry products.

Caregivers need to know how to properly coach patients, recognize acceptable waveforms and know whether results are reproducible or not and whether they meet ATS criteria or not.

The hospital's Biomedical/IT support staff shall require primary skills including disciplines related to maintenance and servicing computer controls/platforms. It is recommended that users attend a certified spirometry training course. The instructions given here are only a guide and should not be used to train a technician.

For definitions of specialized terms and abbreviations related to spirometry, see the Glossary.

Before using the spirometer, all users and technicians must read and understand this manual and all other information accompanying the SpiroPerfect spirometry option and the CardioPerfect workstation.

Note

This manual supplements the CardioPerfect workstation manual, entitled *CardioPerfect Workstation User Manual*. For information that the workstation and spirometry functions share — for example, instructions for moving through the menus, searching for patient data — see the CardioPerfect workstation manual.

Please take note of all safety precautions and warnings provided with this device before using this device and the accompanying software.

We at Welch Allyn are dedicated to provide safe products to our customers. It is the user's responsibility to follow the rules of safety as established for their protection and for the protection of their patients as described in this manual. Please take special note of the safety and precautions as described in Using the Spirometer Safely on page 11.



1.2 Symbols

The symbols shown below may appear on the spirometer components, on the packaging, on the shipping container, or in this manual.

		Safety Symbols
Â	WARNING CAUTION	A safety symbol used on the device to highlight the fact that there are specific warnings or precautions associated with the device, which are not otherwise found on the device label. A WARNING in this manual indicates conditions or practices that, if not corrected immediately, could lead to illness, injury or death. A CAUTION in this manual indicates conditions or practices that, if continued or not corrected immediately, could damage the equipment.
\otimes		Single Use - Do Not Reuse
IP20		Protected against the ingress of solid foreign objects \ge 12.5 mm diameter, not protected against the ingress of water.
	Ship	oing, Storing, and Environment Symbols
	Y-MM	ation Date
×	Keep	away from sunlight
X [m]	Stack	ing limits
	Fragi	le
Ť	Кеер	away from rain
	Certi	fication Symbols
CE	0297 CE M	lark for Class Is, Im, IIa, IIb & III
EC R	EP Autho	prized Representative in the European Community



Conventions	
SN	Serial Number
REF	Product Identifier
	Manufacture Date
	YYYY-MM-DD
	Temperature Range
#	Reorder Number
X	Do not dispose of in trash, for devices
welchallyn.com	Consult operating instructions/directions for use (DFU). A copy of the DFU is available on this website. A printed copy of the DFU can be ordered from Welch Allyn for delivery within 7 calendar days.
GTIN	Global Trade Item Number
R _x only	By prescription or order of physician or dentist
9	Atmospheric pressure limitation
JAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	Humidity limitation



1.3 Using the Spirometer Safely

Before using or servicing the spirometer, you must read and understand the following safety-related information.



WARNING:

Do not perform spirometry test if any of the following conditions apply to the patient:

- hemoptysis of unknown origin (forced expiratory maneuver may aggravate the underlying condition);
- pneumothorax;
- unstable cardiovascular status (forced expiratory maneuver may worsen angina or cause changes in blood pressure) or recent myocardial infarction or pulmonary embolus;
- thoracic, abdominal, or cerebral aneurysms (danger of rupture due to increased thoracic pressure);
- recent eye surgery (e.g., cataract);
- presence of an acute disease process that might interfere with test performance (e.g., nausea, vomiting);
- recent surgery of thorax or abdomen.

WARNING The spirometer captures and presents data reflecting a patient's physiological condition. When reviewed by a trained physician or clinician, this data can be useful in determining a diagnosis. However, the data should not be used as a sole means for determining a patient's diagnosis.

WARNING To minimize chances of a misdiagnosis, it is the physician's responsibility to assure that spirometry tests are properly administered, evaluated, and interpreted.

WARNING People may become light-headed, dizzy, or even faint during a spirometry effort. Watch patients closely. If they choose to stand during testing, keep a chair immediately behind them. If there is any reason for concern, stop the test and take appropriate action.

WARNING To prevent cross-contamination, do not try to clean the flow transducers and nose clips. Discard these items after a single patient use.

WARNING The American Thoracic Society (ATS) recommends using gloves when replacing disposable flow transducers, and washing hands after touching them.

WARNING No modification of this equipment is allowed.

WARNING Fire and explosion hazard. Do not operate the spirometer in the presence of a flammable anesthetic mixture with air, oxygen, or nitrous oxide; in oxygen-enriched environments; or in any other potentially explosive environment.



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WARNING:

The CardioPerfect family of devices is an integral part of a personal computer based diagnostic system. The user shall adhere to warnings in order to ensure safe and reliable performance of the system.

The personal computer (non-medical electrical equipment) shall be situated outside the patient environment (reference IEC 60601-1).

The personal computer used should adhere to the appropriate safety standard for non-medical electrical equipment (IEC 60950, or its national variants), and use of an isolation transformer is recommended.

The personal computer used should adhere to the appropriate electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) standard for non-medical electrical equipment (CISPR 22/24 - FCC Part 15 - CE, or related national variants).

If it is required for the personal computer to be situated within the patient environment, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the system provides a level of safety in compliance with IEC 60601-1.

WARNING A color printer and a color printout are recommended for printing Spirometry reports. Printing these reports with a monochrome printer or in black and white can lead to confusion as it is not easy to identify which curve is a Pre and which is a Post effort.



CAUTION Do not clean the pressure tubing or sensor. Trapped moisture could affect their accuracy. Replace the pressure tubing when it becomes dirty. Replace the sensor when it becomes faulty.

CAUTION You cannot clean the spirometer or any of its components.

CAUTION If you choose to clean the calibrations syringe, clean the outer surface of the syringe with only the following solutions or wipes:

- Solution of dish soap and water, ¹/₂ tsp per cup of water
- Solution of bleach and water, 1 part bleach (6% sodium hypochlorite) with 9 parts water
- Isopropyl Alcohol and water, 70% by volume
- PDI Sani-Cloth Plus wipes (14.85% Isopropanol)
- Cavi-Wipes (17.2% Isopropanol)

CAUTION Use only parts and accessories supplied with the device and available through Welch Allyn. The use of accessories other than those specified my result in degraded performance of the device.

CAUTION When you put the spirometer away, store its pressure tubing in a basket or drawer or other place that prevents compression or kinking.

CAUTION Avoid installing the spirometer in direct sunlight or in a location where it may be affected by significant changes in humidity, ventilation, or airborne particles containing dust, salt or sulfur.

CAUTION Keep the spirometer away from splashing fluids.



1.4 Product Overview

SpiroPerfect performs FVC, SVC and MVV testing, including pre-post testing. It instantly displays flow-volume curves and depicts inspiratory and expiratory measurements.

For details, see the following sections:

- Features (page 13)
- Ordering Information for Replacement Parts (page 76)
- Specifications (page 80)

Figure 1.1 Components of the SpiroPerfect Spirometer



1.5 Features

- Automatic interpretation and comparison to best pre-bronchodilator.
- Real-time flow/volume and volume/time graphs.
- Incentive graphic for pediatric patient coaching.
- Multiple predicted norms.



- Customizable report formats.
- Validated to meet the American Thoracic Society spirometry accuracy standards for both ambient and BTPS humidified air.
- Instant quality and variability check for proper test performance.
- Single-stroke and multiple-stroke calibration protocols.
- Reduced risk of cross contamination with Welch Allyn single-use, disposable flow transducers.
- Meets all industry standards, including ATS, NIOSH, OSHA and Social Security.
- Trending of several different tests from the same patient.



2 General information

2.1 Welcome

Welcome to the SpiroPerfect module of the Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation. With this module, you can record, view and interpret spirometric tests. You can also use it to print spirometry tests in various formats.

The SpiroPerfect module exceeds the recommendations for spirometry of the American Thoracic Society (ATS).

This manual contains specific information about the SpiroPerfect module of the Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation. For all general information about the workstation software, please refer to the Workstation manual, which describes:

- Creating and editing Patient cards
- General information about printing

For further information on installation and configuration please refer to the Workstation Installation manual.

2.2 Intended Use / Indications for Use

Using the optional spirometry module and associated accessories to acquire, view, store, and print measures and waveforms of pulmonary function. The spirometer should only be used with patients able to understand the instructions for performing the test.

Indications for spirometry include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Shortness of breath
- Chronic cough
- Occupational exposure to dust and chemicals
- Assist in the diagnosis of Bronchitis
- Assist in the diagnosis of Asthma
- Wheezing
- Assist in the monitoring of bronchodilators

2.3 Contraindications

Relative contraindications to performing spirometry are [AARC Clinical Practice Guideline Spirometry, 1996 Update]:

- hemoptysis of unknown origin (forced expiratory maneuver may aggravate the underlying condition);
- pneumothorax;
- unstable cardiovascular status (forced expiratory maneuver may worsen angina or cause changes in blood pressure) or recent myocardial infarction or pulmonary embolus;
- thoracic, abdominal, or cerebral aneurysms (danger of rupture due to increased thoracic pressure);
- recent eye surgery (e.g., cataract);
- presence of an acute disease process that might interfere with test performance (e.g., nausea, vomiting);
- recent surgery of thorax or abdomen.



2.4 Important Considerations

The Spirometer should not be used if any of the following conditions exist or are thought to exist:

- The spirometer is not regularly calibrated.
- The maintenance instructions listed in section 13 are not satisfactorily completed.
- Any part of the equipment or system is known, or suspected, to be defective.



3 Installing the SpiroPerfect Spirometer

The SpiroPerfect Spirometer consists of two elements: the spirometry sensor, and the software that runs on the computer to which the sensor is connected. Before you can start recording spirometry tests, you need to:

• Connect the sensor to the computer.

CAUTION Always use the USB extension cable. The USB extension cable prevents damage to the spirometer.

• Configure the software.

Warm up the Spirometer

After connecting the device it is recommended to let the Spirometer warm up.

- 1. Connect the Spirometer to the computer.
- Open the Spiro module. The sensor starts to warm up as soon as the SpiroPerfect module is opened.
- 3. Wait for at least 5 minutes before starting a new test.

Flow sensor with USB connection:

SpiroPerfect from Welch Allyn

OEM SpiroPerfect manufactured by Medikro Oy, Finland for Welch Allyn Inc, USA.



For information on connecting the Flow sensor with USB connection see section 3 Installing the SpiroPerfect Spirometer.



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Flow sensor with serial connection:

SpiroPerfect from Welch Allyn

OEM SpiroPerfect manufactured by Medikro Oy, Finland for Welch Allyn Inc, USA.



The Flow sensor with serial connection is ready for use after plugging it into the computer. No further driver needs to be installed.

3.1 Configuring the Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation

After connecting the spirometry sensor, you need to configure Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation.

To configure Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation for use with the sensor:

- 1. Start Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation.
- 2. In the File menu, click Settings and click Spirometry.
- 3. Click the **Recording** tab.
- 4. Select Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect.
- 5. Click **OK** to save the settings.



4 The Spirometer Window

This section guides you through the various parts of SpiroPerfect. The structure of the workspace is similar to the other Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation modules and conforms to the Microsoft UI guidelines.

Figure 4.1 Main Window



Title bar	The title bar displays the name of the program. Three buttons located on the right of the title bar can be used to maximize, minimize and close CardioPerfect Workstation.
Menu bar	The menu bar contains the File, Edit, Mail, View, Action, Tools and Help menus. When a menu is grayed out you cannot access its functionality.
Toolbar	The toolbar contains the Patient, ECG, Exercise ECG, Recollect, Spirometry, ABP, Print, and Print Preview buttons. It provides easy access to other CardioPerfect Workstation applications and most common tasks in the SpiroPerfect module.
Search area	The search area on the left hand side contains search and display functionality. In the search area, you can find a patient, see the date and type of tests recorded for a patient. You can create search patterns, so you can easily locate frequently needed information.



Workspace	The workspace displays tests and test-related data, such as graphs and measurements. This is where you record, view and interpret the data.			
	The workspace is divi • Graph area:	 The workspace is divided into three elements: Graph area: This area displays spirograms and flow curves. 		
	 Interpretation area: 	The interpretation area displays the automatic or confirmed interpretation for the test, lung age and ATS reproducibility data.		
	Parameters area:	The parameters area displays each effort and up to 6 user-defined measured parameters.		
Shortcut Menu	In the workspace, you can use shortcut menus to access the most common tasks. You can access these tasks by clicking on the workspace with your right mouse button. Shortcut menus are context sensitive, meaning that they show only relevant tasks for the area clicked.			
Status bar	The status bar at the bo currently logged on, the norm used in the Spiror	ottom of the window shows the name of the user e patient's race, height, weight and the Prediction metry test currently viewed.		



5 Customizing the Spirometry Module

This chapter shows how to adjust various settings like selecting prediction schemes, determining which parameters to view and print, and set various display options.

Customize features in the Spirometry settings.

To open the Spirometry settings:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry

The following screen appears:

Figure 5.1	Settings	Screen
------------	----------	--------

😵 Settings		- O X
Modules	Spirometry	
6	General Viewing Parameters Printing Recording	
	Prediction: Calibration syringe: ECCS/Quanjer 1993 3000 ml	
ECG	VC Parameter Calibration reminder:	
Exercise ECG	FIVC O Day O Max(FVC, FIVC, SVC*) O Month	
Spirometry	Reversibility Pressure: Flow:	
- 14	• (Post-Pre)%Pre • (Post-Pre)%Pred • (Post-Pre)%Pred	
Ambulatory blood pressure	Final result ○ inHg Temperature ● Best effort ○ Best composite ● kPa ● *C ○ *F	
Recollect		
	OK Cancel Apply	Help

5.1 General Tab

To display the General tab:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry > General

The following screen appears:



😵 Settings		
Modules	Spirometry General Viewing Parameters Printing Recording	
ECG ECG Exercise ECG Spirometry Ambulatory blood pressure Recollect	Prediction: Calibration syringe: ECCS/Quanjer 1993 3000 ml VC Parameter 3000 ml FVC Calibration reminder: FVC Calibration reminder: FVC Day Max(FVC, FIVC, SVC*) Day * Best composite only Week Reversibility Opst2Pre (Post-Pre)%Pre MmHg Final result mmHg Best effort mHg Best composite * C	
	UK Cancel Apply	Help

Figure 5.2 Spirometry General T	ab
---------------------------------	----

Setting	Description
Prediction	Select the prediction to use. The list contains all supported predictions.
VC Parameter	 VC parameters, FEV1% formula: The FEV1% formula determines the calculation method for the FEV1% value, which affects the automatic interpretation. The variable part of this formula is the denominator; the numerator is always the best effort's FEV1 value. To determine the way in which FEV1% is calculated, choose from these options: FVC (FEV1% = FEV1/FVC) FIVC (FEV1% = FEV1/FIVC) Max (FVC, FIVC, SVC*) (FEV1% = FEV1/FVC or FIVC or SVC, the largest) *Note: The SVC parameter is only included if Final Result is set to Best composite.
Reversibility	Reversibility is the percentage difference between pre-test and post-test data. This measurement indicates the effect of medication on lung function. Reversibility applies to each parameter separately.



Final Result	A patient's best effort is a measurement calculated from a set of efforts. To determine the method in which best effort is calculated, choose from these options:		
	Best effort	Defines best effort as the single best effort in a set of efforts per effort type (best FVC-pre, best FVC post, best SVC). This ATS-recommended method uses the effort with the highest sum of FVC + FEV1, or the effort with the highest SVC value. (For details, see the document noted in reference 5.)	
	Best Composite	Defines best effort as a composite of the highest parameter values across all selected efforts.	
Calibration syringe	Default value for th Volume from the I	ne volume of the calibration syringe. Select the Syringe ist.	
Calibration reminder	Check this box to monthly.	receive a calibration reminder pop-up daily, weekly or	
Pressure	Determines the un	it of Pressure. Check the preferred unit.	
Flow	Determines the un L/s or L/m.	it of Flow on the axis of the graph, possible options are	
Temperature	Determines the un	it of Temperature, possible options are °C or °F.	

5.2 Viewing Tab

To display the Viewing tab:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry > Viewing

The following screen appears:



😻 Settings			
Modules	<u>/h</u>	Spirometry	
3-2-2			
General	General Viewing Parameters Printing F	Recording	
	Parameters in:	Effort label:	
	 Columns 	 Time 	
ECG	O Rows	O Number	
the second			
· · · · ·	Show Predictive	X Axis Position	
Exercise ECG	Points		
ela	Curve	OBottom	
816			
Spirometry	Trending:	Table Color Schemes	
		Weich Allyn	
		Scheme editor	
Ambulatory blood pressure	Manual selection of the best effort		
	Display ATS Acceptability per effort		
1	Superimpose FV curves		
Recollect	🗌 Display Lung Age		
		OK Cancel Apply	Help

Figure 5.3 Spirometry Viewing tab

Setting	Description
Parameters in	Columns or Rows. Changes the layout of the six parameter table.
Show Predictive	Points and/or Curve. If Points is checked, predictive points display and print in the FVC graph, Predictive points definition see page 94. If Curve is selected a prediction curve will be displayed in the FVC graph.
Trending	% Reference Value or % Predicted. When % Reference Value is selected, parameters values are graphed as a percentage of the selected reference value. When % predicted is selected, parameters will trend as a percentage of predictive values.
Manual selection of best effort	If checked, you are allowed to manually select the best effort, when the Final Result is set to Best Effort.
Display ATS Acceptability per effort	If checked, a row or column appears in the Parameter and Measurement tables displaying whether or not each individual effort meets the ATS 2005 acceptability criteria.
Superimpose FV Curves	If checked, curves are offset on the graph. If unchecked, all curves are superimposed.



Display Lung Age	If checked, the estimated Lung Age will be shown while viewing a test and in the printed reports for patients of 20 years or older. For details, see Lung Age, page 70.
Effort Label	Time or Number. If Time is selected, each effort is labeled with the time it was recorded. If Number is selected, each effort is labeled with a number and stage. For example, FVC Pre3 means it is the 3rd effort of a FVC test.
X Axis Position	Bottom or Top. If Bottom is selected, spirograms are displayed with the horizontal axis at the bottom of the graph. If Top is selected spirograms are displayed with the horizontal axis at the top of the graph.
Table Color Scheme	Defines the background color and font type and color of the Spirometry module. The default setting is Welch Allyn. To customize the settings select User Defined from the drop-down menu.
Scheme Editor	Select the User Defined option from the Table Color Scheme drop-down menu. Once selected, the Scheme Editor button becomes highlighted. Click on the Scheme Editor button. The Styles properties editor dialog box appears. You can customize the properties for the Spirometry module in the Styles properties editor dialog box.

5.3 Parameters Tab

To display the Parameters tab:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry > Parameters

The following screen appears:



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Figure 5.4 Spirometry Parameters tab

😵 Settings					
Modules	sh.		Spirome	try	
3	General Viewing Pa	arameters Printing	Recording		
General	Parameters	Measurements	Six parameters	Printer	Selection:
🔶 🔶	FVC	 Image: A start of the start of		Image: A state of the state	None
-744-	FEV1	 Image: A start of the start of			
ECG	FEV1%	 Image: A start of the start of		 Image: A start of the start of	All
	FEV1/FVC				
2 🤪	FEV0.5				Inverted
F . F00	FEV2				
Exercise ELG	FEV3	✓		✓	Default
<u>مام</u>	FEV5				
81	FEV6	 Image: A start of the start of		✓	
Spirometry	FEV0.5%				
	FEV2%				
	FEV3%				
-	FEV5%				
Ambulatory blood	FEV6%				
pressure	FEV1/FEV6				
R-	PEF				
12	FEF25				
Recollect	FEF50				
	FEF75				_
	MEF25				_
	MEF50				_
	MEF75				
	FEE25-75				•
			ОК	Cancel	Apply Help

Select parameters for three categories:

Setting	Description			
Measurements	Parameters selected in the Measurements column are displayed in the Measurements Tab of the SpiroPerfect module.			
Six parameters	Parameters selected in the Six parameters column are displayed in the six parameters table of the module's Parameter area. A maximum of six parameters can be selected per test type. For FVC, a minimum of three parameters is required.			
Printer	Parameters selected in the Printer column are printed on the reports.			
	WARNING Selecting more than 15 parameters for printing may result in the list of printed parameters being truncated on all but the Best FVC report.			

Parameters Measured					
FVC testing					
FVC FEV2 FEV1% PEF	FIVC FEV3 FEV1/FVC FEF25	FIV1 FEV5 FEV2% FEF50	FIV1% FEV6 FEV3% FEF75	FEV0.5 FIV0.5 FEV5% FEF0.2-1.2	FEV1 FEV0.5% FEV6% FEF25-75
FEF75-85	PIF	FIF50	FEF50/FIF50	FEV1/FEV6	FET



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MEF25	MEF50	MEF75			
SVC testing					
SVC	ERV	IRV	VT	IC	BF
MV	Tin	Tex	Tin/Tex		
MVV testing					
MVV	MV	VT	BF	DFRC	
Selection					
None	Blanks a Printer o	all previously sel columns. It does	lected paramete s not affect the S	rs boxes in the N Bix parameters o	Measurements and column.
All	Selects not affeo	all parameters i ct the Six param	n the Measuren neters column.	nents and Printe	er columns. It does
Inverted	Deselec not for the parameter	ts the selected he Measuremer ters column.	parameters, and hts and Printer c	d selects the par olumns. It does	rameters that are not affect the Six
Default	Selects parame	factory Default ters and Printer	parameter selec columns.	tions for the Me	easurement, Six

5.4 Printing Tab



To display the Printing tab:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry > Printing

The following screen appears:



Figure 5.5 Spirometry Printing tab

Settings		
Modules	Spirometry	
General	General Viewing Parameters Printing Recording	
-4,7	Selected:	
ECG	All plus best effort FVC Best FVC Best MVV Rest SVC	
Exercise ECG	Best Three FVC Measurements MVV Measurements SVC	
A Spirometry	Social Security	
- 1	Show On Report	
Ambulatory blood pressure	✓ Unconfirmed ○ Fixed	
	Print in color	
	OK Cancel Apply	Help

Setting	Description			
Default report templates	A list of available templates used for printing reports. To print multiple reports, select the preferred formats from the list.			
Show on Report	Unconfirmed	If checked, Unconfirmed is printed on the reports if the test is not yet confirmed.		
	Confirmed By	If checked, Confirmed By is printed on the reports. It provides a space for the clinician's signature.		
Print in color	If checked, the printer.	spirometry reports are printed in color when using a color		
Graph scaling	Select the type volume/time cu Fixed scale (vo Auto scale—bo	of scaling (graph resizing) to use when printing rves. lume 10 mm/L, time 20 mm/sec, flow 5mm/(L/s)) th x and y-axes (volume and time) scale automatically.		



5.5 Recording Tab

To display the Recording tab:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry > Recording

The following screen appears:

Figure 5.6 Spirometry Recording tab

😵 Settings		- 🗆 🗵
Modules	Spirometry	
General	General Viewing Parameters Printing Recording	
	Sensor type Connected to Spiro Perfect VCT400 Velch Allyn SpiroPerfect	
2 6 0	Calibration protocol Calibration stroke protocol Three calibration stroke protocol (1.2 and 3 seconds flow)	
	Calibration Error Tolerance	
Spirometry	Standard (3 %) Incentive file C:\PROGRA~1\CARDIO~1\MDW\Modules\Fireman.swf	
Ambulatory blood pressure	Sensor calibration information Lot Code 24 ▼ Calibration Code 3V7VJWQMHV Confirm Code	
Pecollect	ATS sound notification	
	OK Cancel Apply	Help



Setting	Description
Sensor Type	Select Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect.
Connected To	Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect The port to which the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect sensor is connected, is automatically detected. When operating in a thin-client environment, the application displays an additional option, called PerfectLink [™] . This option allows the use of the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect sensor in thin client environments.
Calibration	Select the Single calibration stroke protocol (this is recommended for the
protocol	or
	Select Three calibration stroke protocol (1, 2 and 3 seconds flow)
Calibration Error Tolerance	Select Social Security (1%) for increased accuracy required by US Social Security Administration guidelines or Standard (3%)
Incentive file	Select the file that is used for the incentive screen for testing the pediatric population.
Sensor calibration information	Enter the Lot code and the Calibration code and Confirm. For more information see page 32. If the Spiro Perfect VCT 400 is selected this area is not applicable.

5.6 Customize the spiro.txt file

Statements used in the Comment editor can be customized. Please refer to the Workstation manual for general instructions on editing this file.

Medication list

In addition to the pre-defined comment and interpretation statements, this file also contains the medications shown in the medication list. These items are immediately followed by an asterisk (*) in the spiro.txt file.

Note: If no spiro_cmt.txt file is available the spiro.txt file is used.



6 Ambient Settings /Temperature, Humidity and Pressure

Adjust the Ambient Settings (the temperature, humidity and air pressure) before calibrating the flow sensor.

 Adjust ambient settings before calibrating the flow sensor. If the ambient settings are not adjusted before calibration, the device will not be properly calibrated and could give false readings.

 You must recalibrate if there is a significant change in the ambient settings.

 Ambient settings are stored locally by the program and passed on to the flow sensor before each measurement. This means that when using different PC's with the same flow sensor you have to set the ambient settings on each PC before starting the

he/she needs to enter the ambient settings.

measurements. Also, when another person logs in to the PC,

6.1 Why the Workstation needs Ambient Setting Information

Ambient settings information is necessary for calculating the Ambient Temperature Pressure Saturation (ATPS) to Body Temperature Pressure Saturation (BTPS) correction in the Flow sensor.

6.2 When to Adjust the Ambient Settings

Adjust the ambient settings:

- Daily, the first time logging into the Spirometry module.
- When ambient settings have changed significantly during the day.
- When the same flow sensor is used on different computers. In this case, adjust the ambient settings on each computer.
- Before a calibration takes place, in the pre-calibration window.

6.3 Adjusting the Ambient Settings

- 1. Make sure the SpiroPerfect module is loaded.
- 2. Press F9 or choose Ambient settings from the Tools menu.

The following screen appears:



Figure 6.1 The Ambient settings dialog box

igs	
:	
20	т. С
60	%
1040	mbar
ок	Cancel
	0 25 20 60 1040 OK

- 1. Enter the Temperature value. (The value for the ambient temperature.)
- 2. Enter the Humidity value. (The value for the ambient air humidity.)
- 3. Enter the Pressure value. (The value for the ambient barometric pressure.)

Tip:

In the spirometry settings, the ambient units for temperature and pressure can be changed.

Tip:

There is an additional option available to update the Ambient settings:

- 1. Select Calibrate located on the Toolbar (or press F10)
- 2. Enter the ambient setting information in the Pre-Calibration dialog box. Updating ambient settings is recommended when a calibration is going to be performed.



7 Calibration of Flow Sensor

CAUTION The American Thoracic Society and Welch Allyn recommend calibrating spirometers every day before use

Welch Allyn guarantees accurate calibration only with the use of a Welch Allyn 3L calibration syringe. Although SpiroPerfect provides other calibration syringe volumes for use, Welch Allyn is not responsible for the system's accuracy if these syringes are used.

Flow Transducers

Flow Transducers are manufactured to high precision and it is not necessary to calibrate the spirometer system with each Flow Transducer separately.



7.1 Preparing calibration

Calibration Protocol

SpiroPerfect supports two calibration protocols:

- Single Stroke Calibration
- Three Stroke Calibration

The calibration protocol can be set on the Recording tab in the Spirometry Settings. See section 5.5 Recording Tab.

To calibrate the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect flow sensor it is strongly recommended to use the *Single Stroke Calibration Protocol* while calibrating. This method will increase the accuracy of the flow sensor. To calibrate the Spiro Perfect VCT-400 use the *Three Stroke Calibration Protocol* for the best results. The protocol can be changed in the spirometry settings.

Warm up the Spirometer

Before calibrating it is recommended to let the Spirometer warm up. If the Spirometer has already been used shortly before calibration, this warm up period is not needed.

- 1. Connect the Spirometer to the computer.
- 2. Open the Spiro module.
 - The sensor starts to warm up as soon as the spirometer module is opened.
- 3. Wait for at least 5 minutes before starting the calibration process.

7.2 The Calibration Process

Make sure the Spirometer is plugged in before continuing.

1. To start the calibration, select the Calibrate button located on the Toolbar (or press F10). The following dialog box will be presented to configure the calibration process.



Figure 7.1 The Pre-calibration dialog box

Pre-calibration	×			
Selected Flow Sensor:	Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect			
Lot Code	24 💌			
Calibration Code	3V7VJWQMHV			
Syringe Volume [Liter]	3000 ml 💌			
Current Calibration Factor Calibration Error Tolerance:	0.990495 Social Security (1 %)			
	🔿 Standard (3 %)			
Temperature:	20 °C			
Humidity:	60 %			
Pressure:	1040 mbar			
	Cancel Next >			

Fill in the appropriate settings. For a description of the options see the following table.

Setting	Description				
Lot code	Enter the Lot code for the Flow transducers located on the box the Transducers came in.				
Calibration code	Enter the Calibration code for the Flow transducers located on the box the Transducers came in. See example of a schematic cutout of the label from the Flow transducers box below.				
	CALIBRATION CODE #########				
	LOT ## QTY 100				

Note: the sensor calibration information can also be set in the Spirometry settings (recording tab). Please make sure that Lot code and Calibration code are still accurate before calibrating.

Syringe Volume Select the appropriate Syringe Volume.

##

Tip: See page 20 on how to change the default setting.

CurrentThis value cannot be changed and indicates the correction factor appliedCalibrationto the calibration data from the previous session. Once the calibration is
performed, this value will be updated. The factor displayed is the average
of the inspiration and expiration calibration factor.

CalibrationSelect the measured calibration accuracy to be within 1% or 3% of the
syringe volume.



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Setting	Description
	Tip: See page 28 on how to change the default setting.
Temperature	The ambient temperature See Operating Environment Specifications on page 80
Humidity	The ambient humidity See Operating Environment Specifications on page 80
Pressure	The ambient pressure See Operating Environment Specifications on page 80

WADNING	For the ambient settings pressure field please enter the pressure as given by a barometer in the immediate vicinity.
WARNING	Do not enter the normalized sea-level pressure as commonly listed on internet sites on meteorological data resources.

2. Press the Next button to continue.

The following screen appears depending on your setup:

Calibration								
۲		D.	<i>ü</i>	Bi.	۲	-		
Calibrate	Colibration Besults	Calibration Logs	PrintLog	Past Preview	Help	Done		
61								
5								
1								
1								
0						6	7	
1		Ī						
2								
°]								
81								
								.174
Radion Institut	tions and message we	NOW						
s is a sing u will neer	to push the plunge	protocol. ar in and pull the r	lunger out one ti	me				
	to provide provide	or in original pair and p	anger ear one i					
not stop b	efore you have co	impleted a full stro	ike.					
iss the *Ca	alibrate* button whe	en you are ready t	o start the calibr	ation process ar	d follow the instru	ctions.		
	a a a a li trans							

Beneath the Calibration window the calibration instruction and message window is displayed, giving instruction for the calibration procedure.

Note: Please check the calibration and lot code if you cannot continue to the Calibration window.

- 3. Connect the syringe to the new flow transducer.
- 4. Fill the syringe by pulling the plunger completely out.
- 5. Press the Calibrate button in the window.
- 6. Wait until the messages 'Initializing sensor. Opening sensor, please wait...' disappears.



Figure 7.3 Start Calibration



- 7. Verify the syringe is completely filled and press the **OK** button. **Note:** *If the syringe was emptied before calibration, the "No valid stroke recorded" message will appear.*
- 8. Follow the instruction on screen. The blue calibration bar can be used as a guide line by giving you an indication of the speed.



Figure 7.4 Calibration bar

For a single flow calibration protocol

Push the plunger entirely in and pull the plunger out as far as possible, while following the blue bar as closely as possible. The calibration procedure will stop automatically, and inform you of the results.

For multiple-stroke calibrations

Push the plunger entirely in and pull the plunger out as far as possible, three times, while following the blue bar as closely as possible.

At the end of each stroke a message appears; you can either choose to accept the calibration stroke or redo the last stroke.


Figure 7.5 Accept stroke

Information 🔀						
٩	Press YES to accept this stroke, and perform the next one. To redo the stroke press NO, and to stop calibrating press CANCEL.					
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o Cancel					

The following options apply:

- Yes: Continue to the next stroke, or show calibration results.
 - No: Redo the current stroke with the same speed.
- Cancel: Stop calibrating. The sensor will not be calibrated.
- 9. If the calibration was successful this will be displayed. You can either accept the results or recalibrate. If the ATS standard has not been met you have to recalibrate.
 - See the following section on how to deal with the results.
 - If you have pressed the Recalibrate button: Press the Repeat Calibration button in the Calibration window and follow the instructions above from step 6.

Note: If you have trouble getting the results within the Calibration Error Tolerance try:

- waiting 1 second between emptying and filling the syringe.
- a single flow calibration before the three flow calibration, if the three flow calibration is unsuccessful



7.3 View Calibration Results

After calibration the Verify Calibration Results window will appear.

Figure 7.6 Verify Calibration Results



Each row gives the result of a stroke, the last row gives the Averages. The following columns are given:

L/s	Results per stroke:			
	The speed in the L/s plunger should be moved, as indicated by the blue			
	calibration bar during the strokes.			
Exp. Vol	The expiration volume reached by pushing in the plunger.			
Exp.%	The expiration deviation from the actual volume in percent.			
Insp. Vol	The inspiration volume reached by pulling out the plunger.			
Insp.%	The inspiration deviation percentage			
Avg.Vol	The averages of inspiration volume and expiration volume.			
Abs.Avg.%	The absolute average deviation percentage between inspiration volume and			
	expiration volume.			

The Averages row gives the averages reached for all strokes. Please refer to this row for improving the calibration results.

After you have accepted the results you can view these values in the table below the graph by selecting the Calibrate Results button.



Figure 7.7 Single stroke calibration window with calibrated results



Figure 7.8a Single stroke calibration

Stroke Nr.	L/s	Exp.Vol	Exp.%	Insp.Vol	Insp.%	Avg.Vol	Avg.%
1.	1	2999	-0.03	2990	-0.33	2994	-0.18
Averages		2999	-0.03	2990	-0.33	2994	-0.18

Figure 7.8b Three stroke calibration

Stroke Nr.	L/s	Exp.Vol	Exp.%	Insp.Vol	Insp.%	Avg.Vol	Avg.%
l	0.5	3007	0.23	2987	-0.43	2997	-0.10
2.	1	3004	0.13	3008	0.27	3006	0.20
3.	3	2992	-0.27	3057	1.90	3024	0.82
Averages		3001	0.03	3017	0.57	3009	0.30

Selection	Description
Calibrate	Press the "Calibrate" icon when you are ready to start the calibration process. After one calibration, the icon label changes to 'Repeat Calibration'. It is recommended to repeat the calibration more than once.
Calibration	Press the Calibration Results icon to view the results of the calibration.
Results	This can only be viewed between calibration attempts.
Calibration	Press the Calibration Logs icon to view previous calibration attempts.
Logs	
Print Log	Press Print log icon to print the currently selected or displayed log.
Print Preview	Press Print Preview.
	The Print dialog box appears.
	Press OK on the Print dialog box to the view the calibration results before printing.
Done	Press Done to exit the Calibration window.

7.4 Error Messages Associated with Failed Calibration

Figure 7.9 No valid stroke recorded

Warning		×
⚠	No valid calibration stroke recorded. Please press OK to redo this stroke, CANCEL to abort	
	Cancel	

When the calibration attempt was not valid or if the volume read back by the sensor is not within 35% of the selected syringe volume, the calibration fails.

This message also appears if the calibration attempt was performed in the wrong order, first emptying the syringe instead of filling it before starting the calibration.



Caution It is the user's responsibility to determine whether to accept or reject failed calibration data. If the device does not pass calibration it could give false readings.

7.5 Calibration log

Figure 7.11 Calibration log window



Use the Calibration log to view calibration information of current and previous calibration efforts. Each time the sensor is calibrated, results are stored in the calibration log. Select a calibration effort from the list to see the curve that belongs to it.

Calibration Log

Selection	Description
Date & time	Date and time of the calibration.
User	Name of the user that performed the calibration.
Location	Location specified in the general settings.
Device ID	The spirometry sensor hardware used.
Insp. CF	The Calibration Factor of the inspiratory strokes.
Insp. SD	The stroke difference between the inspiratory strokes.
Exp. CF	The Calibration Factor of the expiratory strokes.
Exp. SD	The stroke difference between the expiratory strokes.
Calibrated	A check mark shows if the sensor was actually calibrated (yes) or only a log entry was saved (no).

To view the calibration log:

- 1. Choose Tools
- 2. Select Calibration log



8 Recording Spirometry Tests

Various types of efforts can be recorded with the Spirometer module:

- FVC: Forced Vital Capacity.
- MVV: Maximum Voluntary Ventilation.
- SVC: Slow Vital Capacity.

The following tags can be assigned to each effort:

- Pre
- Post

When recording a post stage effort the medication administered to the patient can be entered.

8.1 Record a Spirometry Test

Follow these steps to record a test.

- 1. In the Workstation, find or create a patient (see the Workstation manual for instructions).
- 2. Choose Spirometry, A Spirometry located in the toolbar at the top of the screen.

Tip:

The following screen appears if a new effort or test is being added to the patient's profile within 24 hours since the last test or effort.

Figure 8.1 Warning window







Figure 8.2	New	spirometry	test	window
------------	-----	------------	------	--------

New spirometry test				
Patient information: Height: Weight: 70 inches 207.2 lbs Gender: Male Smoker	Bith date M/d/yyyy 8/12/1921 Race: Caucasian Asthmatic			
Test information: Referring physician: Any Prediction norm: ECCS/Quanjer 1993 Ambient settings	Speciality:			
	Cancel Next >			

- 3. Complete Patient information fields in the New spirometry test window. Check the Smoker and/or Asthmatic boxes if applicable.
- 4. Select the Specialty and Referring physician, by whom the test was ordered.
- 5. Select the Prediction Norm for the test.

Caution	To obtain predictive values for certain parameters, the patient's age, gender, race and height must be entered into the Patientcard dialog box (Choose Edit>patientcard or Alt+P), otherwise no predictive data is reported. The patient's weight is only obligatory for certain prediction norms. Note: <i>If patient data is missing these will be displayed in red in the</i> <i>New spirometry test window. You must fill in the blanks before you</i> <i>are able to continue.</i>
	The Norm Profiles (see section 12.1) indicate valid demographic ranges for each norm.

6. Select Ambient Settings. If the humidity, temperature or pressure have changed since the last calibration, adjust as necessary.



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7. Select Next

The following screen appears:



Figure 8.3 Recording window

- 8. Select the effort type to perform by selecting the FVC, SVC or MVV.
- 9. Select the effort stage. If you have selected Post, enter the medication dosage and unit.

Note: The medication and dosage fields are only active if a post-effort is selected. Post-effort is only available after a pre-effort has been recorded.

10. Select the type of curve from the drop-down menu located at the bottom of the right graph.

Figure 8.4 Type of Curve menu



11. Instruct the patient to hold the SpiroPerfect sensor still.

Note: Make sure the rear of the flow-tube is not blocked. The extra resistance will result in faulty measurements.

- 12. Select Record to start recording.
- 13. Ask the patient to perform the effort according to the appropriate procedures. See section 8.3.
- 14. When the patient has completed the test, select Done. The recording window closes and the main view displays all efforts of the recorded effort stage (Pre/Post).

Note: The effort along with six corresponding parameter values are displayed in the parameters area.



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- 15. The status bar of the Recording window displays, ATS acceptability criteria met, duration of the effort, number of FVC, SVC and MVV efforts completed in a test and if the reproducibility criteria are met.
- 16. When the patient finishes testing, select Done. The Spirometry view appears displaying all the efforts.

8.2 Incentive Screen

The incentive screen is used to encourage pediatric patients to blow into the flow transducer the best they can.

Note: If the patient's demographics are outside of the Prediction norm demographics no prediction values will be calculated. The incentive screen will not operate without predicted values.

To display the Incentive screen:

Select the Incentive button from the Recording/Test toolbar

or

Select Incentive from the Type of Curve drop-down menu

The following screen appears



Figure 8.5 Recording window with incentive screen selection

Note: Incentive screen The fireman extinguishes the fire if the patient's effort reaches 80% of the predicted for PEF & FVC values. If the patient's effort is below 80%, the fire is not extinguished.

To remove the Incentive screen:

Select Volume/Time or Flow/Time from the Type of Curve drop-down menu or select the FVC, SVC or MVV button.



8.3 Patient Procedures

WARNING	Patients may become faint, light-headed, dizzy, or short of breath during spirometry testing. Watch patients closely. If they choose to stand during testing, keep a chair immediately behind them. If there is any reason for concern, stop the test and take proper action.
	Recommendations Practice the procedure with the patient before recording the effort. American Thoracic Society recommends ending recording after eight successful FVC efforts to avoid fainting.

To prepare patients for any spirometry test, explain the entire procedure for the type of effort you want them to perform. Remind patients that the test is painless. Demonstrate at least one effort for the patient.

The accuracy of a spirometry test is highly dependent on the patient's understanding and cooperation. So, be prepared to coach and encourage the patient with your "body language" and your words — for example, "Blow, blow, blow, keep blowing until you can't blow out any more" — to ensure a good effort with reproducible results.

Instruct patients to do the following:

- Loosen any tight articles of clothing that might constrict lung function, for example, a tight belt, tie, vest, bra, girdle, or corset.
- Remove any foreign objects from the mouth, including loose dentures.
- The use of a nose clip is highly recommended. If used, check for proper fit.
- Place lips and teeth around a new flow transducer, sealing their lips tightly around the transducer. Grip slightly with teeth in the groove.
- Keep tongue away from the flow transducer to avoid blocking it.
- Keep the rear of the Flow sensor free.
- Keep chin up so as not to restrict the airway.



Always check the interior of the flow transducer to ensure that no foreign objects are present.

Once the patients have the flow transducer in place, ask them to perform the effort using the guide below for the patients' predicted performance effort breathing instructions.

Note: Place the mouthpiece in the patient's mouth after stabilization.



For an FVC effort, instruct the patient to:

- 1. Breathe in (until the Total Lung Capacity is reached).
- 2. Blow out forcefully (until the Residual Volume is reached). Allow sufficient time.

For an FVC loop, instruct the patient to:

- 1. Breathe in (until the Total Lung Capacity is reached).
- 2. Exhale forcefully (until the Residual Volume is reached)
- 3. Breathe in forcefully (until the Total Lung Capacity is reached). Allow sufficient time.

-or-

- 1. Start normal breathing (tidal breathing).
- 2. Breathe out (until the Residual Volume is reached).
- 3. Breathe in forcefully (until the Residual Volume is reached). Allow sufficient time.
- 4. Exhale forcefully (until the Total Lung Capacity is reached).

For an SVC effort, instruct the patient to:

- 1. Start normal breathing (tidal breathing).
- 2. Breathe in calmly, (until the Total Lung Capacity is reached).
- 3. Exhale calmly, (until the Residual Volume is reached). Allow sufficient time.
- 4. If necessary, repeat steps 3 and 4.

Steps 3 & 4 can be reversed, meaning: a maximum expiration followed by a maximum inspiration.

For an MVV effort, instruct the patient to:

Breathe in and out forcefully at a pace of approximate 30 breaths per minute (2 seconds per complete breath) for 15 seconds (the program automatically stops gathering data after 15 seconds).

About Quality Feedback

The spirometer provides effort-quality messages as described in the following sections.

About Effort-Quality Messages

One of the following effort-quality messages appears on the screen after each effort is completed. These messages indicate whether an effort was acceptable, and if not, what the patient needs to do differently.

Effort-Quality Message	Criteria		
Don't hesitate	Back Extrapolated Volume (BEV) is > 150 mL		
Blast out faster	PEF time > 120 ms.		
Blow out longer, No plateau	FET < 6 seconds (3 pediatrics) and no plateau		
Good effort	FET < 6 seconds (3 pediatrics) and has plateau OR		
	FET is > 6 seconds (3 seconds pediatrics)		

8.4 Deleting an Effort

You can easily delete an effort after recording it.

To delete an effort:



Option 1: In the Recording Test window

1. Select Delete

The following screen appears

Figure 8.6 Confirmation dialog box

Confirm	ation 🔀			
Are you sure you want to delete the current				
	OK Cancel			

2. Select Ok

Option 2: While viewing the test

Highlight the effort to delete in the Parameters area, located in the lower right side of the of workspace window. See Figure 4.1 Main Window

- 1. Select Action> Delete Effort or Ctrl+D, located on the menu bar, the confirmation dialog box appears. See Figure 8.6.
- 2. Select OK

8.5 Add or Change Information in the Comment Editor

When creating a new spirometry test, the SpiroPerfect offers space for adding or changing comments, while recording.

To add or change comments:

- 1. Choose Patient, and start a new Spirometry test
- 2. Select Next
- 3. Select the Comment button from the toolbar.

Note: The Comment editor is displayed containing previously added comments.

- 4. Select interpretations and or medication from the statement tree on the left side, or type in comments in the comment pane.
- 5. Select Save The Recording/Test window will appear again.

The comment editor is also available form the menu bar, select Edit comment from the Action menu or type CTRL+T.



9 Viewing Spirometry tests

9.1 View a Spirometry test

To view a spirometry test:

- 1. Select a patient. The patient's previously recorded tests appear in the test list.
- 2. From the test list, select a spirometry test to view.

Note: Spirometry tests are indicated with a 🥮.

- 3. SpiroPerfect launches and the test is displayed in the workspace.
- 4. Use the tabs and the Effort selector (in the toolbar) for selecting information to view.

Figure 9.1 Patient list database



view and compare all efforts of

9.2 Setting the Best Effort

Follow these steps for setting the Best Effort:

- 1. Choose File
- 2. Select Settings > Spirometry
- 3. Select the General tab
- 4. Under the Final result, check Best effort
- 5. Select the Viewing tab
- 6. Check Manual selection of the best effort

Note: This action is not available if "Best composite" is set as Final result in the Spirometry General Settings.

- 7. Select Ok. The Spirometry settings window closes
- 8. Set the effort selector to Pre or Post, see Figure 9.4. This feature will not function if you have selected All Efforts or Final Results.

			current test.
Figure 9.2	Effo	ort selector Pre:	view and compare only the pre
All efforts			enoris of current test.
Pre Post Final Result		Post:	view and compare only post efforts of current test.
		Final/Best result	t: view and compare only the best effort/ final result of current test.

All Efforts:

9. Select the pre effort you consider best.



- 10. Next, from the menu bar, select Action> Set Current Effort As Best
- 11. Repeat steps 8-10 for the post effort selection.

9.3 View and Add Information to a Test

To view and/or add information to a test:

Select Tools > Information

The following screen appears

Figure 9.3 Information dialog box

Information			×
Referring physician:			
· Recorded by: ·			
Location:			
Comment:			
			-
0K	Cancel	Help	

To enter comments:

- 1. Type comments in the Comment section
- 2. Select OK

9.4 Test Modes and Tabs

There are four views available from the Effort selector in the toolbar:

	All Efforts: view and compare all e current test.	
Figure 9.4 Effort selector	Pre:	view and compare only the pre efforts of current test.
	Post:	view and compare only post



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All efforts 🔹		efforts of current test.
All efforts Pre Post Final Dawith	Final/Best result:	view and compare only the best effort/ final result of current test.

Figure 9.5 Five tabs

FVC SVC M	IVV Trend Measurements
Tab	Description
FVC	Select to view only the currently selected FVC efforts
	A flow/volume curve of the current FVC effort and the flow/volume curves of all selected FVC efforts. The dotted line marks the predicted values.
SVC	Select to view only the currently selected SVC efforts.
	A spirogram for the current SVC effort.
MVV	Select to view only the currently selected MVV efforts.
	A spirogram for the current MVV effort.
Trend	Select to view only the trends to a maximum of six parameters.
	Trends of the FVC effort of the test.
Measurements	Select to view all the parameters calculated of all effort types.
	All parameters values based on user settings for each stage and effort.



9.5 Common Features for each Tab

Figure 9.6 Tab overview



View multiple flow/volume curves of one test

It is possible to view and compare multiple efforts previously recorded in one test. The right hand side of the window displays a flow curve of all selected efforts. The left hand side of the window displays the flow curve of the currently selected effort.

To view multiple efforts in one flow/volume graph:

- 1. In the Spirometer window, move the mouse arrow to the Parameters table.
- 2. Check the box of each effort to view in the Selected row/column.
- 3. Uncheck the boxes of each effort to hide it from view.



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9.5.1 Parameters Area

Figure 9.7 Parameters Table

Efforts	Units	GLI 2012 (LLN)	Pre 2.	Pre 1.	Final	Final%Pred (z)
ATS	•	•	No	Yes		-
Selected			✓			
FVC	L	5.71 (4.58)	5.60	5.13	5.60	98 % (-0.16)
FEV1	L	4.65 (3.70)	4.70	4.34	4.70	101 % (0.08)
FEV1/FVC	%	82 (71)	84 %	85 %	84 %	102 % (0.35)
FEV6	L	•	5.60	5.13	5.60	-
PEF	L/s		11.14	10.96	11.14	-
FEF25-75	L/s	4.61 (2.82)	5.06	4.94	5.06	110 % (0.36)

Selection	Description				
Parameters area	The Parameters area holds the parameters table. It is displayed under the FVC, SVC MVV and Trend tabs.				
	The Parameters table lists up to six user-defined parameters. See page 24 to select the parameters.				
	 The following information is displayed in the table: predictive norm ATS acceptability criteria predictive values per parameter, followed by the lower limit of normal in parentheses effort stage & parameter value final result parameter values % predictive, followed by the z-score in parentheses for the norms that support z-score % change (in "All efforts" and "Post"view) 				
Effort	The color in front of the effort name corresponds to the color of the curve in the graph.				
	Select the check box in the selected row or column and the curve is displayed in the graph. You can select to show the parameters in rows or columns in the settings menu>viewing tab, see page 22.				
	Deselect a check box and the curve is hidden.				

9.5.2 Interpretation Area

The interpretation area displays automatic or confirmed interpretation, medications, comments, lung age (if enabled in the settings), and reproducibility information. See page 59 for more information.



Figure 9.8 Interpretation Area



9.6 FVC Tab

Figure 9.9 FVC Tab





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9.7 SVC Tab

Figure 9.10 SVC Tab



SVC Test

recalculated.

Review results under the SVC tab. Only volume/time (spirogram) graphs are displayed along with six SVC parameters.

Calipers mark the beginning and the end of the tidal area. Each effort line displayed on the

graph has a different color. **Note:** Calipers can be manually adjusted. If so, affected parameters will automatically be

If no SVC test is performed, the SVC tab is disabled.



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9.8 MVV Tab

Figure 9.11 MVV Tab



MVV Test

Review the results under the MVV tab.

Only volume/time (spirogram) graphs are displayed along with six MVV parameters.

Calipers (vertical lines) mark the beginning and the end of the ventilation volume (not the tidal area).

Note: Calipers can be manually adjusted. If so, affected parameters will automatically be recalculated.

Tip: You can select or deselect a curve in the parameters table.

If no MVV test is performed, the MVV tab is disabled.



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9.9 Trend Tab

Figure 9.12 Trend Tab



The Trends tab displays trends of:

- the FVC efforts of the test or
- the best pre and best post efforts of the several different tests of the same patient.

There is no limit to the number of tests that you can trend. You can simultaneously view three parameters and see how the parameters evolve during the test.

The interpretation area shows the interpretation of the most recent test.

Figure 9.13 Parameters menus

٠	FVC	•	• FEV3	•	• FEV1	•

Selection	Description			
Parameters	Three parameters are always trended. The choice of parameters trended depends on the selected parameters in the settings (File> Settings> Spirometry> Parameters tab> Six parameter column). When you exit the trend view, SpiroPerfect remembers the last three parameters selected and recalls them when you enter the trend view again.			
Axes	 The horizontal axis displays the date & time of the efforts. The vertical axis displays the parameter values: As a % of Predictive (effort x/pred value) x 100. As a percentage of a reference value. The value of the parameters is a relative value. It depends on the currently selected effort. For example, if a test has three efforts and effort 1 is selected, all parameter values for effort 1 are set to 100%. The values for other efforts are expressed as lower or higher percentages in relation to effort 1. (Effort x / Effort 1) x 100. 			

Example with Effort 1 currently selected

	Effort 1	Effort 2	Effort 3	Effort 4
Real value of FEV1%	3.49	3.70	3.77	3.46
Relative value of FEV1% as displayed in trends	100%	106%	108%	99%



To view trends:

- 1. Select three parameters from the drop down menus located beneath the Trends graph. The curve for these parameters is displayed in the Trends graph.
- 2. Select or deselect efforts by checking the boxes beneath the efforts listed in the parameters area. The efforts are added or removed from the Trends graph.
- 3. Select which effort is used as the reference point, by clicking on one of the efforts located in the parameters area. The parameter value of this effort is set to 100% in the Trend graph, and the parameter values of all other efforts are expressed as a percentage proportional to the reference value. The percentage of deviation is given in the parameters area.

Effort	ATS	Selected	FVC	FEV1	FEV1%	FEV3	FEV6	PEF
Units			L	L	%	L	L	L/s
ECCS/Quanjer 1993	•		4.73	3.90	80 %	•	-	0.00
Post 10:19:33 AM Albuterol, 5 kg	No	Y	2.98	2.82	95 %	2.98	2.98	8.79
% Change			-	•	-	-	-	-
Pre 10:18:27 AM	No	~	2.99	2.47	83 %	2.99	2.99	6.78
% Change			0.4 %	-12.5 %	-12.9 %	0.4 %	0.4 %	-22.9 %
Pre 10:18:11 AM	No	•	2.97	2.58	87 %	2.97	2.97	10.50
% Change			-0.1 %	-8.8 %	-8.7 %	-0.1 %	-0.1 %	19.4 %
Pre 10:17:51 AM	No	~	2.94	2.94	100.00	2.94	2.94	11.24
% Change			-1.1 %	4.2 %	5.3 %	-1.1 %	-1.1 %	27.8 %
Pre 10:17:34 AM	No	•	2.99	2.63	87.84	2.99	2.99	3.62
% Change			0.5 %	-7.0 %	-7.5 %	0.5 %	0.5 %	-58.8 %
Final	-		2.94	2.94	100.00	2.94	2.94	11.24
Final%Pred	-		62 %	75 %	125 %	-	-	122 %

Figure 9.14 Parameters Area

4. You can select a line from the Trends graph by clicking on one of the points in the line. The percentage deviation for each point is shown when you move the mouse over a point in the line. By clicking on a different colored point you select the line of that color and the percentage deviation for that line is displayed when moving over the points of that line.

9.10 Measurements Tab

Figure 9.15 Measurement Tab

Patient Test date: CCNV.003 - John Doe, (M), 3/27/1967 8/23/2006 9:23:24 AM											
FVC SVC	MVV Trend M	easurements									
Efforts	Units	ECCS/Quanjer 1993	FVC Pre 1.	FVC Pre 2.	FVC Pre 3.	FVC Pre 4.	FVC Post 1.	Final	Final%Pred		
ATS			No	No	No	No	No	-	-		
FVC	L	4.73	2.99	2.94	2.97	2.99	2.98	2.94	62 %		
FEV1	L	3.90	2.63	2.94	2.58	2.47	2.82	2.94	75 %		
FEV1%	%	80 %	78 %	86 %	78 %	74 %	88 %	86 %	108 %		
FEV3	L	-	2.99	2.94	2.97	2.99	2.98	2.94	-		
FEV6	L	-	2.99	2.94	2.97	2.99	2.98	2.94	-		
PEF	L/s	9.22	3.62	11.24	10.50	6.78	8.79	11.24	122 %		
SVC	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
VTsvc	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
MVsvc	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
IC	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
ERV	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
IBV	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
MVV	L/min	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
VTmvv	L	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
BFmvv	b/min	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
MVmvv	L	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		
DFRC	L	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-		
Time	s	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-		



The Measurements Tab contains a number of parameter values for each FVC, SVC and MVV efforts. Each effort is represented by a separate column.

- The measurement table only displays the efforts belonging to the selected stage. It only lists the parameters selected in the settings. See page 24 to select parameters for display in the Measurement table.
- Information on test reproducibility is displayed in the reproducibility table that is placed below the Measurements Table. In particular, the FVC and FEV1 absolute value variance (difference) between the best effort and the second best effort is analyzed for both pre and post tests.
- When a value is in **bold red text**, that value is below the lower prediction limit.

9.11 Compare Tests

With SpiroPerfect, you can compare final results from different tests recorded for the same patient.

Selecting various tests

- 1. Choose Action
- 2. Select Comparison

The following screen appears

Figure 9.16 Comparison dialog box

Comparisons	x
Date&Time □ 9/6/2006 9:09:43 AM □ 2/8/2000 4:15:11 PM □ <	Selection: C None C All C Inverted
ОК	Cancel

Click on the check box in front of each test to select tests. The best pre and best post efforts of the patient's selected tests are compared.

Available views are:

- FVC
- Measurements
- Trend

The trend view displays a graphical overview of the patient's performance over time.



10 Interpreting Spirometry Tests

The Spirometer module can automatically interpret FVC efforts.

WARNING A computer generated interpretation cannot replace sound medical reasoning by a trained professional. Therefore, a physician should always review the interpretation.

10.1 Editing and Confirming an Interpretation

Figure 10.1 Interpretation	editor
----------------------------	--------

Confirm Cancel Clear Date/time Est Effort FVC Interpretation Comment C	
Hedications Pre: FVC = 5.60L FEV1 = 4.70L FEV1/FVC = 83.90% (2/8/2000 4:15:12 PM). Within normal limits Orticosteroids Homorral limits Homorral limits Homorral limits	
E. Obstructive abnormalities	etation ea
Maybe a physiological variant Comment:	
No interpretation possible 8-2-00 16:18	
Comme pane	ent

Statement Tree

In the Interpretation editor, text or interpretation statements are added to the interpretation area. Once an interpretation is edited, confirm it. Otherwise, the edits are not saved.

Opening the interpretation editor

- Choose Tools and select Interpretation.
- or
- Select Interpretation on the Toolbar, see Figure 4.1 Main Window

Automatically generated interpretation:

The generated interpretation is shown in the interpretation editor automatically if the interpretation is unconfirmed. You can keep this interpretation and add text to it or replace it. The automatic interpretation statements can be inserted by clicking the Best effort FVC interpretation button.

Confirming an interpretation and closing the interpretation editor:

Select Confirm to save your comments and to return to the spirometry window.

Adding comments to the interpretation

Click in the comment pane and start typing the comment.

Adding text to the interpretation edit area

Click in the interpretation edit area and start typing the text.



Adding an interpretation statement to the interpretation edit area using the statement tree

- 1. Select a category to display the statements.
- 2. In the statement tree look up the statement to include in the interpretation.
- 3. Click on the statement to add it to the interpretation edit area.

Deleting an interpretation statement from the interpretation edit area

Select the statement text and press BACKSPACE or DEL to delete it.

Deleting a comment from the comment pane

Select the comment and press BACKSPACE or DEL to delete it.

Tips for editing and confirming an interpretation

- Automatically insert the current date and time by selecting the Date/time button.
- Clear the interpretation editor by selecting the Clear button.
- The statement tree can be changed. Please consult your system administrator or local dealer for new or changed statements.

10.2 Automatic Interpretation

The spirometer module automatically calculates interpretive results as described in the document noted in reference 2 on page 74.

The automatic interpretation is shown in the interpretation area if the interpretation is not confirmed. If the interpretation is confirmed the confirmed interpretation is shown in the interpretation area.

10.3 View Interpretation History

When making changes in an interpretation, the original interpretation is not changed, but a new one is created. A copy of all interpretations is kept in the interpretation history.

Figure 10.2 Interpretation History screen

Interpretation history			×
History			
Interpretations □ Interpretations □ 3/3/2005 10:57:24 AM	Date: - Mild restrictive abnormality	EditedBy: Unknown	
		🔗 Help	4 Done

To view the interpretation history:

- 1. Choose Tools
- 2. Select Interpretation history. The Interpretation history window is displayed. The left hand pane displays the interpretations sorted by date. The right hand pane



displays the content of each interpretation, including the date, time and editor.

3. Select a date to view an interpretation.

10.4 Reanalyze a Spirometry Test

Retrieve overwritten automatic interpretations by reanalyzing the spirometry test.

To reanalyze a spirometry test:

- Choose Actions
- Select Reanalyze test.

Reanalyzing the test will result in the following;

- A new interpretation is appended to the test containing the automatic interpretation statements.
- The state of the interpretation is set to unconfirmed.
- All parameter values are re-calculated.

10.5 Recalculate prediction

With this option you can re-calculate the predicted values for the test with a different Prediction norm.

To recalculate a prediction:

- 1. Go to the Action menu
- 2. Select Recalculate Prediction.
- 3. Select the preferred Prediction norm from the list.

Note: for a more elaborate description of the Prediction norms see section Norm Profiles 12.1.

4. Press the OK button.



11 Printing Spirometry tests

11.1 **Printing reports**

To print a particular report for the test currently on your screen:

- Select File > Print
- •

or

Press Ctrl+P

The Print dialog box appears:

Figure 11.1 Print dialog box

Print X Printer Name: Default Properties
Best FVC Copies Best MVV Image: SVC Best Three FVC Image: SVC Measurements MVV Image: SVC Measurements FVC Image: SVC Social Security Image: SVC
Page range
OK Cancel

Select the desired print report type. The report type corresponding with the current view is already selected. If you should so desire, you can select another report type.

Press the OK button to start printing.

To print multiple reports for the test currently on your screen:

- Select File > Print selected formats
- or
- Press Ctrl+Alt+P

To control which reports will be printed, see page 26.



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11.2 Print Report Formats

The SpiroPerfect module prints the following report formats:

All plus best effort FVC Best FVC Best MVV Best SVC Best Three FVC Measurements MVV Measurements SVC Measurements FVC Social Security Trend

Each format contains the patient's personal information, test information, interpretation, parameter table and all but the measurement report contain a graphs section. Please refer to the Workstation manual for further information on printing a test.

11.3 Print Preview

To Preview a Test

- Select File > Print Preview. The print dialog box appears. See Figure 11.1.
- Select type of report to preview. The name of the report type appears at the top of the dialog box.

The print preview window appears.

Print preview: Best FVC		
Print Setup Page With Page Page With Page Page Page Page Page Page Page Page	dth 100% <	е
Narrad Spiramsky Plapat	218/2020 4 15 11 PM Page 1 Test for main main	Name of the report type
-term	-mai Pet	
	Research Proceeding and a 2010 202 (Players	

Figure 11.2 Print preview dialog box



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11.4 Print Report Details

Example Report

Welch Allyn CardioPerfect Workstation

Normal Spirome	etry Report		- Norm	nal, Spire	ometry		11/15/2007 11	:59:10 AM	Page 1
Patient Informatio	0:				Test	nformation:			
ID:	CCNV.018				Dre Tir	no:	11-50 AM		
Name:	Normal, Spi	rometry			Post fir	ne:	12:07 PM		
DOB:	9/12/1933	Ane	74 v	ears	Norm F	Reference:	GU 2012		
Height	63 Inch	Weight	186	0 lbs	NUTT	veleteride.	GLI 2012		
Conder	Fomalo	The spine	100.		Qualit	y Messages:			
Rane:	Caucasian				Pre: 4	Blow out longe	r, No Plateau, 2-Blow	out longer, No F	Plateau,
Danks / Daw	Caucadian	Create Ve			1-Blow	out longer, No	Plateau,		
Cooperation:		omone re			Post 7	-Blow out long	er, No Plateau, 6-Blo	w out longer, No	Plateau,
Cooperation.					5-BIOM	out longer, No	Plateau,		
Test Results:									
Lung age:	63 years				FEV1 P	re / Post Var.	77 ml (4 %)	/ 10 mi (0 %)	
FEV1%Pred:	102 %				FVC Pr	e / Post Var:	138 ml (5 %)	/ 32 ml (1 %)	
FEV1%:	80%				ATS Re	producibility:			
Improvement:	FVC: -5%, F	EV1: -3% (((Post - Pre) / P	re) * 100	Pre:	NOT MET (3 acceptable efforts)	
Not Significant BD Rea	sponse			,	Post	NOT MET (acceptable efforts)	
Test interpretation	: UN	CONFIR	MED REPO	RT	Test C	omment:			
Pre: FVC= 2.64L FEV	1-2.07L								
FEV1%= 78.2% [2.07/ (11/15/2007 12:01:34]	2.64 FEV1/FV0 PM) Within nor] mai limite							
(1110/2007 12:01:04)	ing main no								
Post: FVC= 2.5L (-5.4	%); FEV1= 2.0L	. (-3.5%);							
FEV1% 79.9% [1.99/	2.50 FEV1/FV0](2.1%)							
(11/13/2007 12:00:511	PM), Wilnin nor	mai irniis							
		Best Effe	ort						
Parameter Units	Pred (LLN)	4. Pre	%Pred (z)	7. Post	%Pred (z)	%Change			
FVC (L)	2.62 (1.88)	2.64	101% (0.04)	2.50	95% (-0.27)	-5% (-0.14)			
FEV1 (L)	2.02 (1.45)	2.07	102% (0.13)	1.99	99% (-0.08)	-3% (-0.07)			
ETTA AN ATTA AND ADA IN	70.05.41	-	40404 40 003		40000 00 000	0.00			
FEV1/FVC (%)	78 (64)	78	101% (0.06)	80	103% (0.27)	2% (2)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) DEF (L/s)	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13	103% (0.27)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/6) FEF25-75 (L/6)	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s)	78 (64) - 1.69 (0.75)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/6) FEF25-75 (L/6) (*) Means below LLN	78 (64) 1.69 (0.75)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75	103% (0.27) - 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (') Means below LLN	78 (64) - 1.69 (0.75)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)		1	
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/6) FEF25-75 (L/6) (*) Means below LLN 8 8 8	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			_
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 Flowr (l/s) 8	78 (64) 1.69 (0.75)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09) Vol (I)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			_
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 Fiow (Us)	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (') Means below LLN 8 Fiow (I/s) 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.69) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) () Means below LLN 8 7 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 (64) 	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -3% (-0.65) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 Flowr (L/s) 7 6 5	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.63) -0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L)s FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 Fiow (Us)	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6	103% (0.27)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -3% (-0.63) -0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L)s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 7 6 5 4 4	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) - 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.6 2.4	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -3% (-0.63) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (1) Means below LLN 8 7 6 5 4 3 3	78 (64)	78 2.54 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.6 2.6 2.4	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.63) -9% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN ***********************************	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.2	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -5% (-0.63) -5% (-0.01) -5% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV8 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 6 6 5 7 6 6 5 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.2	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -5% (-0.01) 0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) () Means below LLN 7 6 7 6 4 4 3 2 1	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 2	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.63) -9% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (1) Means below LLN 8 7 6 5 4 4 3 2 1 1	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75		80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 2 1.8	103% (0.27) 	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.63) -9% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (') Means below LLN 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.4 2.2 2.1.8 1.6	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -9% (-0.63) -0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV8 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN 8 7 6 5 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -5% (-0.15) -5% (-0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) () Means below LLN 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6 1.4	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -9% (-0.63) -9% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (') Means below LLN 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -9% (-0.63) -0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (*) Means below LLN ***********************************	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.4 2.2 1.6 1.6 1.4 1.2	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -5% (-0.63) -5% (-0.01) 			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) () Means below LLN 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75	101% (0.06) 103% (0.08)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.6 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.4	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.14) -5% (-0.63) -5% (-0.01) 			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (1) Means below LLN 7- 6- 5- 4- 3- 2- -1- -2- -3- -3-	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75 2.2 2	101% (0.06) 	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.6 1.4 1.2 1 0.8	103% (0.27)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -9% (-0.63) -0% (0.01)			
FEV1/FVC (%) FEV6 (L) PEF (L/s) FEF25-75 (L/s) (') Means below LLN 7 6 5 4 4 3 2 1 0 -1 -1 -2 -3 4	78 (64)	78 2.64 7.81 1.75 2.2	101% (0.06)	80 2.50 7.13 1.75 3.4 3.2 3 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1 0.8	103% (0.27) 104% (0.09)	2% (2) -5% (-0.48) -5% (-0.63) -5% (-0.01) 			

0.4

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UNCONFIRMED INTERPRETATION 11/15/2007 7:53:11 AM Device Info:

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- Effort 7 (Post) - Effort 4 (Pre)

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Reviewed By: Last Calibration:

- Effort 7 (Post) - Effort 4 (Pre)



Report Area	Description				
Test Information:	Date and time of Pre and Post efforts.				
Pre Time: 11:59 AM					
Post time: 12:07 PM	Norm Profile used to calculate				
Norm Reference: NHANESIII 1999	predicted values.				
Quality Messages: Pre: 4-Blow out longer, 2-Blow out longer, 1-Blow out longer, Post: 7-Blow out longer, 6-Blow out longer, 5-Blow out longer,	For each selected Pre and Post effort, this section provides quality indication regarding individual effort acceptability.				
FEV1 Pre / Post Var: 79 ml (4 %) / 10 ml (0 %)	Variance of best FVC and FEV1 in Pre				
FVC Pre / Post Var: 138 ml (5 %) / 32 ml (1 %)	and Post phases. ATS standards				
ATS Reproducibility:	require this variance to be <150 mL.				
Pre: NOT MET (< 3 acceptable efforts) Post: NOT MET (< 3 acceptable efforts)	Indication of Pre and Post effort				
	repeatability being met.				
	If criteria is not met, the reason why is				
	provided.				
Test Results:	Main results of the Spirometry test.				
Lung age: 63 years	See section 5 for settings that				
FEV1%: 77%	influence the amount of information				
Improvement: FVC: 95%, FEV1: 97% (Post / Pre) * 100	shown here.				
Not Significant BD Response					
Test interpretation: UNCONFIRMED REPORT	Spirometry interpretation area.				
Pre: FVC= 2.64L FEV1= 2.07L					
(11/15/2007 12:01:34 PM), Within normal limits					
Post: FVC= 2.5L (-5.4%); FEV1= 2.0L (-3.5%); FEV1%= 71.0% (-8.4%) (11/15/2007 12:08:51 PM), Within normal limits					
Best Effort Parameter Units Pred (LLN) <u>4. Pre</u> %Pred (z) 7. Post %Pred (z) %Change	Tabular presentation of a subset of				
FVC (L) 2.62 (1.88) 2.64 101% (0.04) 2.50 95% (-0.27) -5% (-0.14) FEV1 (L) 2.02 (1.45) 2.07 102% (0.13) 1.99 99% (-0.08) -3% (-0.07)	measurement data.				
FEV1/FVC 78 64) 78 101% 0.06) 80 103% 0.27) 2% (2) FEV6 L) - 2.64 - 2.50 - -5% (-0.14)					
PEF (L/s) - 7.81 - 7.13 - -9% (-0.69) FEF25-75 (L/s) 1.69 (0.75) 1.75 103% (0.08) 1.75 104% (0.09) 0% (0.01)					



12 Predictions

12.1 Norm Profiles

Each predictive norm supports a particular subset of parameters and covers a specific population, as detailed in the profile charts below.

								No	rm Name)					
		Berglund 1963	Crapo 1981	Dockery 1983	ECCS/Quanjer 1993	ECCS/Solymar (1993/1980)	ECCS/Zapletal (1993/1967)	Falaschetti 2004	Forche II 1988**	GLI 2012	Langhammer 2001	Hedenström 1986	Hedenström/ Solymar (1986/1980)	Hibbert 1989	Hsu 1979
	FVC	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	FEV1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	FEV1%	Х	X		Х	Х*	Х*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х*		
	FEV0.5 FEV/3		X												
ied	FEV3%		X												
tud	FEV6														
ŝSt	FEV1/														
ers	FEV6														
net	PEF		X		X	X	X		Х	X	X	Х	Х	<u>X</u>	X
ırar	FEF25-75		X		X	X "	X "		Y	X	X	v	v	X	X
Ра	FEF50				X	X	X		X	~		X	X	X	
	FEF25				X	X	X		X			X	X	X	
	FEF0.2-1.2														
	FEV0.5%														
	MVV											V	V		
	500											X	X		
nder	Male	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Ge	Female	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
e	Pediatric	7 <	No	6–11	No	7-18	6-18	No	M: 5-17 F: 5-15	3	No	No	7-18	8-19	7–20
Ag	Adult	≤ 70	M: 15–91 F: 17–84	No	18–70	19–70	19-70	16–75	M: 18–90 F: 16–90	FVC, FEV1: <u>≤</u> 95 FEF: <u><</u> 90	20-80	20–70	20-70	No	No
Height (cm)			M: 157-194 F: 146–178	110–160	M: 155–195 F: 145-180	M*: 155–195 F*: 145-180	Mchild: 118–181 Madult: 155-195 Fchild: 107–173 Fadult: 145-180		Mchild: 109–196 Madult: 144-200 Fchild: 110–182 Fadult: 140-190			M: 160-196 F: 148-183	M*: 160-196 F*: 148-183	M: 120-190 F: 120-176	M: 111-200 F: 111-180
w	eight (kg)		M: 60-111 F: 44-105									M: 55–109 F: 45-94	M*: 55–109 F*: 45-94		
	Caucasian	Х	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
ക	Black			Х	Х	Χ*	X *			Х					Х
ac	Hispanic				V	V *	V *			V					Х
œ	Native				A	Λ	Χ			٨					
	American														
<u> </u>		·	·			·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		L	•			•

*adult population only **Caution: Pediatric use in the US > 6 years old



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							Ν	lorm N	Name						
		Knudson 1976	Knudson 1983	Koillinen 1998	Kory 1961	Morris 1971	NHANES III 1999	Polgar 1971**	Roca 1986	Schoenberg 1978	Solymar 1980	Viljanen 1981	Wang 1993	Zapletal 1969	Composite
Parameters Studied	FVC FEV1 FEV0.5 FEV3 FEV3% FEV6 FEV1/FEV6 PEF FEF25-75 FEF50 FEF25	X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
	FEF0.2-1.2 FEV0.5% MVV			Х	х	X									X
Gender	Male Female	× ×	×	×	No	×	×	××	××	×	××	××	× ×	×	× ×
e	Pediatric	> 8	9	6–16	No	No	8	3–19	No	M: 7-17 F: 7-14	7–18	No	6–18	6–18	No
Ag	Adult	00 ≤	M: <u>≤</u> 85 F: <u>≤</u> 88	oN	18–66	20-84	_< 80	No	20-70	M: 18-99 F: 15-99	°N N	18–65	No	No	M: 20-70 F: 20-70
Height (cm)			M: 112-196 F: 107-183					110-170						M: 118-181 F: 107-173	M: 155-195 F: 145-180
w	eight (kg)														
	Caucasian	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
ക	Black						Х			Х			Х		
act	Hispanic						Х								
Я	Native														

**Caution: Pediatric use in the US \geq 6 years old



12.2 Norm-Related Clinical Studies

Each of the following studies provides expected values for various spirometric parameters by measuring significant samples of a specific population.

Berglund 1963	Spirometric Studies in Normal Subjects. I. Forced Expirograms in Subjects 7-70 Years of Age, Berglund E., et. al., Acta Medica Scandinavica, vol. 173(2): 185-192, 1963.	
Crapo 1981	Reference Spirometric Values using Techniques and Equipment that Meet ATS Recommendations, Crapo RO, et. al., American Review of Respiratory Disease 1981, 123:659-664.	
Dockery 1983	Distribution of Forced Vital Capacity and Forced Expiratory Volume in One Second in Children 6-11 Years of Age, Dockery DW, et. al., American Review of Respiratory Disease 1983, 128:405-412.	
ECCS/Quanjer 1993	Lung Volumes and Forced Ventilatory Flows: Official Statement of the European Respiratory Society, Quanjer Ph. H., et. al., European Respiratory Journal, 1993, vol. 6, Suppl. 16: 5-40.	
Falaschetti 2004	Prediction equations for normal and low lung function from the Health Survey for England, Falaschetti E., et.al., European Respiratory Journal, 2004, 23: 456-463	
Forche II 1988	Neue spirometrische Bezugswerte für Kinder, Jugendliche und Erwachsene; Forche G., Harnoncourt K., Stadlober E.; Österreichische Ärztezeitung 43, 15-16, 1988.	
GLI 2012	Multi-ethnic reference values for spirometry for the 3-95 year age range: the global lung function 2012 equations. Quanjer, P.H., Stanojevic, S., Cole, T.J., Baur, X., Hall, G.L., Enright, P.L., Hankinson, J.L., Ip, M.S., Zheng, J., Stocks, J. on behalf of the ERS Global Lung Function Initiative. (2012), European Respiratory Journal, 2012; 40: 1324–1343.	
Langhammer 2001	Forced Spirometry Reference Values for Norwegian Adults: The Bronchial Obstruction in Nord-Trondelag Study, Langammer A., Gulsvik A., et. al., European Respiratory Journal 2001, 18: 770-779.	
Hedenström 1986	Reference Values for Lung Function Tests in Men: Regression Equations With Smoking Variables, Hedenström, H. et. al., Upsala Journal of Medicine Science 91:299-310, 1986.	
	Reference Values for Lung Function Tests in Females: Regression Equations With Smoking Variables, Hedenström, H. et. al., Bull. Eur. Physiopathol. Respir. 1985, 21, 551-557.	
Hibbert 1989	Lung function values from a longitudinal study of healthy children and adolescents. Hibbert ME, Lanigan A., Landau LI, Phelan PD, Pediatric pulmonology, 7:101-109, 1989.	
Hsu 1979	Ventilatory Functions of Normal Children and Young Adults—Mexican-American, White and Black. I. Spirometry, Katharine HK Hsu, et. al., The Journal of Pediatrics; volume 95(1):14-23, July 1979.	
Knudson 1976	The Maximal Expiratory Flow-Volume Curve. Normal Standards, Variability, and Effects of Age, Ronald J. Knudson, Ronald C. Slatin, Michael D. Lebowitz, and Benjamin Burrows. American Review of Respiratory Disease, volume 113:587-600, 1976.	
Knudson 1983	Changes in the Normal Maximal Expiratory Flow-Volume Curve With Growth and Aging, Ronald J. Knudson, et. al., American Review of Respiratory Disease 1983 127: 725-734.	
Koillinen 1998	Terveiden suomalaislasten spirometrian ja uloshengityksen huippuvirtauksen viitearvot, Hannele Koillinen, et. al., Suomen Laakarilehti, 1998, 5 vsk 53, p. 395-402.	
Kory 1961	The Veterans Administration-Army Cooperative Study of Pulmonary Function. I. Clinical Spirometry in Normal Men, Kory RC, et. al., American Journal of Medicine, February 1961, 243-258.	
Morris 1971	Spirometric Standards for Healthy Nonsmoking Adults, James F. Morris, et. al., American Review of Respiratory Disease, 103: 57-67, 1971.	



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NHANES III 1999	Spirometric Reference Values from a Sample of the General U.S. Population, John L. Hankinson, John R. Odencrantz, and Kathleen B. Fedan, Division of Respiratory Disease Studies, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Morgantown, West Virginia, 1999. The Third National Health And Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES III). Am J Respir Crit Care Med Jan 1999; 159:179-187.
Polgar 1971	Pulmonary Function Testing in Children: Techniques and Standards, Polgar G. and Promadhat V. Philadelphia, WB Saunders, 1971.
Roca 1986	Spirometric Reference values from a Mediterranean population, J. Roca, J. Sanchis, A. Agusti-Vidal, F. Segarra, D. Navajas, R. Rodriguez-Roisin, P. Casan, S. Sans. Bull. Eur. Physiopathol. Respir. 1986, 22, 217-224
Schoenberg 1978	Growth and Decay of Pulmonary Function in Healthy Blacks and Whites, Janet B. Schoenberg, Gerald J. Beck, and Arend Bouhuys, Respiration Physiology, 1978, 33, 367-393.
Solymar 1980	Nitrogen Single Breath Test, Flow-Volume Curves and Spirometry in Healthy Children, 7 -18 Years of Age, L. Solymar, P. H. Aronsson, B. Bake, and J. Bjure. European Journal of Respir. Dis. 1980, 61:275-286.
Viljanen 1981	Spirometric Studies in Non-smoking, Healthy Adults, AA Viljanen, et. al., The Scandinavian Journal of Clinical Lab Investigation, 41 supplement 159, 5-20, 1981.
Wang 1993	Wang X, Dockery DW, Wypij D, Fay ME, Ferris BG Jr., Pulmonary function between 6 and 18 years of age. Pediatric Pulmonology 1993; 15: 75–88.
Zapletal 1969	Maximum Expiratory Flow-Volume Curves and Airway Conductance in Children and Adolescents, A Zapletal, EK Motoyama, KP Van De Woestijne, VR Hunt and A. Bouhuys, Journal of Applied Physiology, vol. 26, no. 3:308-316, March 1969.



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12.3 Norm Extrapolation

Extrapolation is the practice of applying a norm's formula to a patient whose profile doesn't fit that norm's profile. For example, if you were testing an 88-year-old man, and the primary (selected) norm was based on males 85 or younger, the predicted values are extrapolated values.

- When it takes place, extrapolation is indicated in the test record.
- Pediatric norms do not provide any age, weight, or height extrapolation.
- Adult norms allow extrapolation of age up, but not down.
- Adult norms allow extrapolation of height, weight, up and down.

12.4 Composite Norm Values

When the Composite norm, see tables in section 12.1, is selected, predictive parameter values are filled in from one of the alternative (composite) norm sources listed here.

NHANESIII	FVC, FEV1, FEV1%, FEV6, FEV1/FEV6, FEV6/FVC, PEF, FEF25-75
Crapo 1981	FEV0.5, FEV3, FEV3/FVC
Morris 1971	FEF0.2-1.2
ECCS/Quanjer 1993	FEF25, FEF50, FEF75

Note: If an adult norm is selected but pediatric patient data is used – no prediction value will be calculated and displayed.

Predicition Norm	Age range	Composite norm	
Solymar	7-18	ECCS/Solumor	
ECCS	19-70	ECCS/Solyman	
Zapletal	6-18	ECCS/Zaplatal	
ECCS	19-70	ECCS/Zapietai	
Solymar	7-18	Hodopström/Solymar*	
Hedenström	20-70	Hedenstrom/Solyman	

The following combinations of norms are supported:

*The Composite of Hedenstrom/Solymar cannot be used for age 19

For a listing of the parameters included in each norm, see section 12.1 Norm Profiles.

12.5 Lung Age

Lung age is a calculated value based on a patient's demographics and spirometric performance. This provides a relative indication of the health of the patient's lungs. This value is used primarily to encourage smoking cessation.

The SpiroPerfect spirometer, calculates lung age values according to the document cited in Reference 4 (Morris, 1985). For single-effort tests, lung age is based on the current effort. Otherwise, it is based on the patient's "best" pre effort as defined in the settings.

Lung age calculations are provided only for patients 20 and older. For patients older than 84 years the lung age is extrapolated. This limitation is derived from the subject population on which Morris based his research. The lung age is one floating point number in years: the



average of the 4 formulas in the Morris article (FVC, FEV1, FEF25-75%, and FEF0.2-1.2). Specifically, lung age is calculated as follows:

Gender Lung Age Formula

Men	[5.920 (height) – 40.000 (FVC) – 169.640 + 2.870 (height) – 31.250 (FEV1) – 39.375 + 2.319 (height) – 21.277 (FEF200-1200) + 42.766 + 1.044 (height) – 22.222 (FEF25%-75%) + 55.844] / 4
Women	[4.792 (height) – 41.667 (FVC) – 118.833 + 3.560 (height) – 40.000 (FEV1) – 77.280 + 4.028 (height) – 27.778 (FEF200-1200) – 70.333 + 2.000 (height) – 33.333 (FEF25%-75%)+18.367] / 4

height in inches

12.6 Ethnic group correction

Studies have demonstrated that expected values for certain spirometric parameters can vary significantly from one ethnic group to another. Some norm studies include separate regression equations for different races but most others do not. In the latter case Welch Allyn CardioPerfect applies ethnic group correction to all non-Caucasian adult patients in the prediction formulas. The interpretation area will state if

the norm values are extrapolated. The ATS (for blacks) or NIOSH (for Asians) recommendations will be used for extrapolation.

Race Choices	FVC&FEV1	Recommendation Source
Caucasian	No adjustment	-
Black	88%	ATS
Asian	94%	NIOSH
Hispanic	No adjustment	None found
Native American	No adjustment	None found

Note Race adjustment applies for adults only and applies to all supported parameters within the norm study.

If a race adjustment percentage is used, the same adjustment is applied to the LLN value.



12.7 Understanding Interpretation Results

The following diagram illustrates the process of collecting and interpreting spirometry data. For details, see the document noted in reference 8.





And low vital capacity, cannot rule out superimposed restriction.


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12.8 Acceptability of an effort

(See section 12.11 references 2, 5, and 8 for details of the ATS standards.)

An individual effort is deemed acceptable by the SpiroPerfect software when:

The effort has a good start:

extrapolated volume <5% of FVC or 150 mL, whichever is greater.

If this criterion is not met, the effort-quality message "Don't hesitate" or "Blast out faster" displays.

The effort exhibits satisfactory exhalation:

- duration ≥ 6 seconds (≥ 3 seconds for children under 10 years of age), OR
- a 1 second plateau in the volume-time curve occurs

If this criterion is not met, then the effort-quality message "Blow out longer, No plateau" displays.

(See the "Effort-Quality Message" table below for further detail.)

Effort-Quality Message	Criteria
Don't hesitate	Back Extrapolated Volume (BEV) is > 150 mL
Blast out faster	PEF time > 120 ms.
Blow out longer, No plateau	FET < 6 seconds (3 pediatrics) and no plateau
Good effort	FET < 6 seconds (3 pediatrics) and has plateau OR
	FET is > 6 seconds (3 seconds pediatrics)

In addition, the clinician administering the test should assess the effort for signs of:

- cough during the initial second
- glottis closure
- early termination
- effort that is not maximal throughout
- leak
- obstructed mouthpiece

Refer to the effort acceptability poster that shipped with your product for examples of efforts that are acceptable. The poster also contains examples of inaccurate results. Delete any efforts exhibiting signs of inaccurate results. (See section 8.4 Deleting an Effort on page 46.) The poster is also accessible in the Help menu. Go to **Help>Spirometry>Acceptability Poster**.

12.9 Reproducibility of a test stage

Within a test stage, (i.e. either Pre or Post medication), an assessment will be made of the acceptability and reproducibility of the overall test stage. The test stage will be deemed by the software to be acceptable if:

there are at least 3 acceptable efforts

and reproducible if:

within the 3 acceptable efforts, the best two FVC measurements and the best two FEV1 measurements are within 150 mL



12.10 Reversibility (Bronchodilator response)

For any spirometry test that has Pre and Post efforts, significance of the BD response will be shown in the interpretation text area, stating either "Not Significant BD Response" or "Significant BD Response" as appropriate.

SpiroPerfect will deem the Bronchodilator response to be significant if either FVC or FEV1:

- Show an increase from Pre to Post of 12% or more, AND
- Have an absolute increase from Pre to Post of 200 mL or more.

12.11 Z-score

For norms that support calculation of the z-score, this value will be shown together with the % Predicted values.

12.12 References

 Disability Evaluation Under Social Security (the "blue book"), Social Security Administration SSA publication number 64-039, Office of Disability Programs ICN 468600, January 2003.

See in particular the calibration and reporting sections of this document.

2. Lung Function Testing: Selection of Reference Values and Interpretive Results, American Thoracic Society, March 1991.

This document describes the methods of selecting the reference values and the algorithm for interpretative results.

- 3. *National Occupational Respiratory Mortality System*, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).
- 4. Short Report Spirometric "Lung Age" Estimation for Motivating Smoking Cessation, James F. Morris, M.D., and William Temple, Preventive Medicine 14, 655-662, 1985.
- 5. *ATS/ERS Task Force: Standardisation of Lung Function Testing*, European Respiratory Journal, Volume 26 Number 2, 319-338, 2005.

This document describes the methods of acquiring the output parameters and the required accuracy. For details on ATS/ERS acceptability criteria, see these sections:

- "Start of Test Criteria," page 324
- "Manoeuvre repeatability," page 325
- 6. *Standardized Lung Function Testing*, European Respiratory Journal, volume 26, supplement number 16, April 2005.
- 7. U.S. Pulmonary Function Standards for Cotton Dust Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1043, Appendix D.
- 8. *Lung Function Testing: Selection of reference values and interpretive strategies.* American Thoracic Society, American Review of Respiratory Disease, 144:1202-1218 (1991).



Caution

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13 Maintaining the Spirometer – Welch Allyn

13.1 Maintaining the Sensor

The Spirometer sensor needs little maintenance to stay in good working condition.



Perform the following inspections daily: Check that all connections are properly aligned and tight. Visually check the pressure tubing for leaks and kinks. Check for irreversible bending or compression of the pressure tubing between flow transducers and device.

Ensure spirometer is calibrated and that the proper lot code and calibration code is used. The lot code and calibration code can be found on the flow transducer package. For more detailed information please refer to chapter 7 the Calibration chapter of this manual.



Avoid placing spirometer and any of its components in direct sunlight or in a dusty environment.

To make reliable recordings, calibrate the sensor on a daily basis. Keep track of the calibrations in the calibration log.

13.2 Cleaning the Spirometer



Caution You cannot clean the spirometer or any of its components.



If you choose to clean the calibrations syringe, clean the outer surface of the syringe with only the following solutions or wipes:

- Solution of dish soap and water, ½ tsp per cup of water
 Solution of bleach and water, 1 part bleach (6% sodium hypochlorite) with 9 parts water
- Isopropyl Alcohol and water. 70% by volume
- PDI Sani-Cloth Plus wipes (14.85% Isopropanol)
- Cavi-Wipes (17.2% Isopropanol)

 \mathbb{N}

Warning Satisfactory maintenance procedures must be implemented, or equipment failure and health hazards may result. Only qualified service personnel should repair the equipment. See "Limited Warranty" and "Service Policy", page 4.

To prevent cross-contamination, do not try to clean the flow transducers and nose clips. Discard these items after a single patient use. Wear gloves when replacing flow transducers, and wash hands after touching them.



• **Do not** clean the pressure tubing or sensor. Trapped moisture could affect accuracy.

- **Replace** the pressure tubing when it becomes dirty. Recalibrate after replacement.
- **Replace** the sensor when it becomes faulty. See section 13.4 Ordering Information for Replacement Parts on page 76.

13.3 Cleaning the Calibration Syringe

Clean the outer surface of the syringe with any of the following solutions or wipes:

- Solution of dish soap and water, ¹/₂ tsp per cup of water
- Solution of bleach and water, 1 part bleach (6% sodium hypochlorite) with 9 parts water
- Isopropyl Alcohol and water, 70% by volume
- PDI Sani-Cloth Plus wipes (14.85% Isopropanol)
- Cavi-Wipes (17.2% Isopropanol)

13.4 Discarding the Equipment



Dispose of this product and its accessories according to local regulations. Do not dispose of as unsorted municipal waste. For more specific disposal or compliance information, go to <u>www.welchallyn.com/weee</u> or contact Welch Allyn Technical Support at <u>www.welchallyn.com/about/company/locations.htm.</u>

13.5 Ordering Information for Replacement Parts

The following parts must be replaced as noted:

- flow transducers & nose clips Replace for each new patient.
- pressure tubing Replace when dirty.
- sensor Replace when faulty.



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To order parts, call the Welch Allyn Technical Support Center.

Warning Discard all spirometry components according to local regulations.

Use of components other than those recommended by Welch Allyn may compromise product performance. The Welch Allyn warranty can only be honored if you use Welch Allyn approved components and replacement parts.

Item		Part Numbers	Order Quantities
Disposable Flow Transducer (CPWS,CP200) Package includes Lot code and Calibration code		703418 703419	25 pk 100 pk
Pressure Tubing (CPWS, CP200, 2m)		703415	1
Sensor Spirometer USB Kit		703554	1
Nose Clip	$\langle \mathcal{R} \rangle$	100680	1
Calibration Syringe 3L,CPWS,CP200,SPIRO	WelchAllyn	703480	1
Syringe Calibration		BASIC-LVL-CAL	1
			•

Figure 13.1 Ordering Information for Replacement Parts



14 Troubleshooting

Condition	Solution
The Davies (concert) is not reenanding	Disconnect and reconnect the concer
The Device (sensor) is not responding	Disconnect and reconnect the sensor.
	Check if the port settings in the settings menu correspond with the used COM-port.
Measured values are incorrect	Verify LOT number and perform a verification
	test.
	Check the flow transducer for potential obstruction.
	Do a volume calibration to check the gain-factor and to recalibrate the device if necessary.
	Check to ensure that the patient's lips form a tight seal around the flow transducer.
	Use a nose clip on the patient.
Values are too high (intermittent)	Retest with fingers positioned properly around the flow transducer. Do not block the end of the flow transducer with your fingers or hand.
	Check the flow transducer for obstruction caused by patient saliva or phlegm. Replace the flow transducer.
	Check to ensure that the patient's airways are not restricted by excessive bending. Correct the patient's posture.
Flow data is out of range (measured flow has exceeded the allowable limits)	Recalibrate with a 3-liter syringe.
The program does not predict values or	Check in the settings menu to see if the
the values appear incorrect	correct author is selected.
	Verify that the date of birth, gender, race and the height of the patient are correctly entered in the patient card; these are needed for the calculation of the predicted values. For some prediction norms the patient's weight is also obligatory.
Unable to calibrate	Verify sensor calibration information.
	Check the connection between flow transducer and sensor.



Condition	Solution
	Replace the flow transducer.
	Check that the connection between the
	syringe and the flow transducer is tight and without leaks.
	Use even strokes in calibration.
Error message: No valid stroke recorded.	Wait with pushing the plunger in until the blue calibration bar starts moving.
	Pull the plunger completely out before pressing the OK button on the start calibration window.
Report does not print parameters or graphs	Check print and parameters settings.
Indistinguishable Pre and Post curves on printed reports	A color printer and a color printout are recommended for printing Spirometry reports. Printing these reports with a monochrome printer or in black and white can lead to confusion as it is not easy to identify which curve is a Pre and which is a Post effort.
Patient test values differ from values	Verify sensor calibration information.
expected by physician	Verify the barometric pressure.
	Recalibrate.
	Replace transducer.
	Verify the patient data. The norm selection is dependent upon accurate input of patient data in the SpiroPerfect database.
	Eliminate any leaks in the pressure tubing.
	Replace the sensor if damaged.
	Make sure the patient remains still during recording.
The flow sensor has been dropped	Recalibrate.
Loss of network connection during spirometry test	



15 Specifications

Specification	Description
Specification	Description
SpiroPerfect	Computer based full diagnostic spirometer
Tests	FVC, SVC, MVV, Pre-Post BD
Sensor Type	Pneumotach
Power Equipment	None obtained from LISB port
	None, obtailed nom ood port
	Maata ar avaaada ATC/EBC 2005 atandard
Accuracy	Meets of exceeds ATS/ERS 2005 standard
Reproducibility	Meets or exceeds ATS/ERS 2005 standard
Volume Range	0-14 L
Flow Range	+- 14 L/sec
Predictive Norms	For Predictive Norms included, see 12.2
Fieulouve Norms	T OF Fredicitive Norms included, see 12.2
	Additional predictive parene can be added upon suctomer request
	Additional predictive norms can be added upon customer request
Interpretation	1991 ATS Interpretation Standards.
	Automatic interpretation can be disabled.
	Manual Interpretation available.
	Lung Age calculation
Reports	EVC - Volume / Time
Reperte	EVC - Flow / Volume
	FVC - Both - Volume / Time and Flow / Volume
	SVC Volume / Time
	P' constant
Incentive graphic	Fireman
Parameters	FVC, FIVC, FIV1, FIV1%, FEV0.5, FEV1, FEV2, FEV3, FEV5, FEV6, FEV0.5,
	FEV0.5%, FEV1%, FEV1/FVC, FEV2%, FEV3%, FEV5%, FEV6%, PEF, FEF25,
	FEF50, FEF75, FEF0.2-1.2, FEF25-75, FEF75-85, PIF, FIF50, FEF50/FIF50,
	FEV1/FEV6, FET, MEF25, MEF50, MEF75
	SVC. ERV. IRV. VT. IC. BF. MV. Tin. Tex. Tin/Tex
	MVV. MV. VT. BF. DFRC
Quality Checks	ATS Acceptability and ATS Reproducibility checks
Quality Checks	Audio and visual incentive for assistance in coaching nationts
	Audio and visual incentive for assistance in coaching patients
	Operative suith Operation Dente at Manhatatics
Connectivity	
	Export compatible with most electronic medical records programs
	Available in multi user network
	Telemedicine option for e-mail transfer
Storage and	 Temperatures between –20 °C (-4 °F) and 50 °C (122 °F).
Environment	Relative humidity between 15 and 95% (non-condensing).
	Atmospheric Pressure of 500 hPa (mbar) to 1 060 hPa (mbar)



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Specification	Description
Operation Environment	 Temperatures between 10 °C (50 °F) and 40 °C (104 °F),
	 Relative humidity between 15% and 90% (non-condensing),
	 Atmospheric Pressure of 700 hPa (mbar) to 1,060 hPa (mbar),
	Warm up period of 5 minutes.
Mode of Operation	Continuous



16 Statutory and Regulatory Requirements

MDD - Medical Device Directive (MDD) 93/42/EEC

IEC/EN 60601-1, Medical Electrical Equipment, General Requirements for safety, Safety requirements for medical electrical systems. IEC/EN 60601-1 Medical Electrical Equipment – General Requirements for Safety IEC 60601-1-2 Medical Electrical Equipment - Safety Requirements - EMC IEC/EN 60601-1-4 Collateral Standard for Programmable Medical Systems CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 601.1-M90/UL 60601-1, Medical Electrical Equipment – General Requirements for Safety

	_	Regulatory Affairs Representative
EC	REP	Welch Allyn, Limited
		Navan Business Park
		Dublin Road
		Navan, County Meath,
		Republic of Ireland
		4341 State Street Road
Wel	chAll	yn [*] Skaneateles Falls, NY 13153 USA
	•	Tel: 800 535-6663 (North America Only) or 315 685-4560
		Fax: 315 685-3361
		www.welchallyn.com



17 Guidance and Manufacturer's Declarations

Caution The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect spirometer needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be installed and put into service according to the following EMC information provided. Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect spirometer.

Electromagnetic Emissions			
The Welch Allyn SpiroPe or the us	The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Spirometer should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment – guidance	
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.	
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class A	The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic, and may be used in domestic establishments and those directly connected to the	
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Not applicable	public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes, provided the following warning is heeded: Warning : This equipment/system is intended for use by healthcare professionals only. This equipment/system may	
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Not applicable	cause radio interference or may disrupt the operation of ne equipment. It may be necessary to take mitigation measu such as re-orienting or relocating the Welch Allyn SpiroPe or shielding the location.	



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Electromagnetic Immunity				
The Welch Allyn SpiroPer or the us	The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Spirometer should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 %	
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	±2 kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for input/output lines	Not Applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	±1 kV differential mode ±2 kV common mode	Not Applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	<5 % Uτ (>95 % dip in Uτ) for 0,5 cycle 40 % Uτ (60 % dip in Uτ) for 5 cycles 70 % Uτ (30 % dip in Uτ) for 25 cycles <5 % Uτ (>95 % dip in Uτ) for 5 sec	Not Applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.	
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
NOTE U_T is the AC mains voltage prior to application of the test level.				



Electromagnetic Immunity			
The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
			Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.
			Recommended separation distance
Conducted RF	3 Vrms	3 Vrms	$d = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{P}$
IEC 61000-4-6	150 kHz to 80 MHz		
Radiated RF	3 V/m	3 V/m	$d = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{P}$ 80 to 800 MHz
IEC 61000-4-3	80 MHz to 2,5 GHz		
			$d = 2.3 \cdot \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2,5 GHz
			where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).
			Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey ^a , should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. ^b
			Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following
			$((\cdot))$
NOTE 1 At 90 MHz and 900 MHz the higher frequency range applies			
NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			
a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect.			

 $_{\rm b}$ $\,$ Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.



Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect

The Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the Welch Allyn SpiroPerfect as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output power of transmitter W	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter m			
	150 KHz to 80 MHz $d = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2,5 GHz $d = 2.3 \cdot \sqrt{P}$	
0,01	0.12	0.12	0.23	
0,1	0.37	0.37	0.74	
1	1.2	1.2	2.3	
10	3.7	3.7	7.4	
100	12	12	23	
For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended constration distance dia				

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance *d* in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where *P* is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.



18 Function keys

The Welch Allyn CardioPerfect module is, just like all Windows applications, designed for working with the mouse. However, there might be situations in which working with the keyboard can be quicker. Therefore a number of functions within the Welch Allyn CardioPerfect module can also be selected directly using the keyboard. Here is a list of all available keyboard shortcuts in this module, for a more general function key description please refer to the Workstation manual:

Spirometry functions		
Кеу	Function	
[SHIFT]+[CTRL]+[S]	Starts a new spirometry recording.	
F6	Reanalyze	
F7	Comparison	
F9	Opens the Ambient settings dialog	
F10	Starts the Calibration process	
[CTRL]+[L]	Opens the Calibration log	
[CTRL]+[E]	Add new effort	
[CTRL]+[I]	Opens the Interpretation window	
[CTRL]+[H]	Opens the Interpretation History	
[CTRL]+[D]	Delete current effort	
[CTRL]+[T]	Edit comment	

Recording new test		
Key	Function	
F2	Start/stop test	
[Esc]	Exit the recording, cannot exit when recording is active.	
[ALT]+F4	Close recording/test	



19 Glossary

adult. Generally, 18 or older. Age limits vary with each norm.

ASS. American Security Society.

ATS. American Thoracic Society. An organization that provides standards for spirometry common practice and equipment.

ATS acceptability criteria. Applicable to FVC testing only. (1) Criteria ensuring that an individual effort started and ended satisfactorily (no leaks or coughs). (2) Criteria ensuring that the patient has made at least two efforts of the same kind (two FVC-pre or two FVC-post), and that these efforts are reproducible. For details, see document noted in reference 5.

ATS interpretive results. The software calculates interpretive results as described in the document noted in reference 2.

baseline. See pre-test.

best effort. A measurement calculated from a set of efforts. The formula for calculating best effort is user-selectable: (1) the single best effort or (2) a composite of best parameter values.

BF. Breathing frequency. See also **MV** and **tidal breathing**.

bronchospasm evaluation. See post-test.

BTPS. Body conditions, normal body temperature (37° C), ambient pressure, saturated with water vapor. The BTPS correction factor converts ambient conditions—temperature, humidity, and pressure— to BTPS.

CardioPerfect workstation. A PC using Welch Allyn CardioPerfect software. Stores ECG and spirometry test data. Can communicate with other electronic patient-information systems, such as billing and medical records.

composite norm value. A value that is filled in from another norm—a "composite norm source"—when the primary (selected) norm does not support a given parameter. Applicable only when "composite norm values" is enabled.

COPD. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Characterized by airflow obstruction that is primarily caused by smoking. Examples include emphysema, chronic bronchitis, and asthmatic bronchitis.

curve. A graphical display of spirometry data. During SVC testing, only one curve type is available: volume/ time. During FVC testing, three curve types are available: volume/time, flow/volume, and flow/time.

effort. A single spirometry maneuver, for example, one blow. A test typically comprises multiple efforts. See also **best effort** and **test**.

ERS. European Respiratory Society.

ERV. Expiratory reserve volume (in liters). The maximum volume that can be expired from the level of the functional residual capacity (FRC). See also **tidal breathing**.

extrapolation. The practice of applying a norm's formula to a patient who doesn't fit that norm's demographics. For example, if you were testing an 88-year-old man, and the primary



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(selected) norm were based on males 85 or younger, the predicted values would be extrapolated values.

FEF50/FIF50. The ratio of these two parameters. See FEF50 and FIF50.

FEF25. Forced expiratory flow (in L/s) at 25% of FVC.

FEF50. Forced expiratory flow (in L/s) at 50% of FVC.

FEF75. Forced expiratory flow (in L/s) at 75% of FVC.

FEF85. Forced expiratory flow (in L/s) at 85% of FVC.

FEF0.2-1.2. Forced expiratory flow average (in L/s) between 0.2 and 1.2 liters of FVC.

FEF25-75. Forced expiratory flow average (in L/s) during the middle half of FVC.

FEF75-85 ("late" FEF). Forced expiratory flow average (in L/s) between 75% and 85% of FVC.

FET. Forced expiratory time (in seconds). The elapsed time from the beginning of expiration until a specified percentage of FVC.

FEV0.5. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 0.5 seconds.

FEV1. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 1 second. An important parameter because it reflects the severity of COPD.

FEV1/FEV6. The ratio of these two parameters. See FEV1 and FEV6.

FEV1/FVC. See FEV1%.

FEV2. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 2 seconds.

FEV3. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 3 seconds.

FEV5. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 5 seconds.

FEV6. Forced expiratory volume (in liters) at 6 seconds.

FEV0.5%. FEV0.5 as % of FVC.

FEV1%. FEV1 as % of FVC. Same as FEV1/FVC. A parameter for a single FVC effort.

FEV1% formula. A user-selectable formula that determines the calculation method for a test's (not an effort's) overall FEV1% value, which affects the automatic interpretation.

FEV2%. FEV2 as % of FVC.

FEV3%. FEV3 as % of FVC.

FEV5%. FEV5 as % of FVC.

FEV6%. FEV6 as % of FVC.

FEVt. Timed forced expiratory volume (in liters). Volume of air exhaled in the specified time during an FVC effort.



FIF50. Forced inspiratory flow (in L/s) at 50% of FIVC.

FIV1. Forced inspiratory volume (in liters) at one second.

FIV1%. FIV1 as % of FIVC.

FIVC. Forced inspiratory vital capacity (in liters). The maximum volume of air that can be inspired during forced inspiration starting from full expiration.

FIVt. Timed forced inspiratory volume (in liters). Volume of air inhaled in the specified time (t).

flow. The speed at which air is inhaled or exhaled (in L/s).

flow = f(v). See flow/volume.

flow/volume. Same as flow over volume or flow = f(V). A type of data curve available during FVC testing. The y axis represents flow (L/s); the x axis represents volume (liters).

flow loop. A flow/volume curve that includes inspiratory data (negative values on the y axis).

FRC. Functional residual capacity (in liters). Volume of air remaining in the lungs and airway at the average end-expiratory level.

FVC. Forced vital capacity. (1) A type of test in which patients inhale fully and exhale forcefully for as long as they can. The goal: to measure the volume and flow of air. May or may not include forced inhaling. When forced inhaling is included, it may be done either before or after exhaling. See **flow loop**. (2) An important parameter (in liters): the maximum volume of air that can be delivered during forced expiration starting from full inspiration.

IC. Inspiratory capacity (in liters). The maximum volume of air that can be inhaled after a normal— unforced—exhalation. See also **tidal breathing**.

incentive screen. An animated screen that gives patients—usually children—a goal to achieve while exhaling. This screen is listed as a type of "curve" (data display) available during FVC testing.

IRV. Inspiratory reserve volume (in liters). The maximum volume that can be inspired from the average end-inspiratory level. See also **tidal breathing**.

LLN. Lower limit of normal. The lowest expected value for a spirometric parameter. The method of determining this value varies from norm to norm. LLN is displayed together with the predicted value.

lung age. A calculated value based on a patient's demographics and spirometric performance that gives a relative indication of the health of the subject's lungs. This value is used primarily to encourage smoking cessation. Lung age is not available for patients younger than 20 years.

maneuver. See effort.

MV. Minute volume (in liters). The volume of air expired per minute measured over at least one minute. MV = BF • VT. See also **tidal breathing**.

norm. A research-based spirometry data set with a specific profile for race, gender, age, and height. The software compares each patient's results with data in the primary (selected) norm, reporting the results as percentages of the predicted (normal) values.

normal. Consistent with norm data.



parameter. A commonly defined attribute of a spirometric waveform (FVC, FEV1, and so on).

pediatric. Generally, under 18 years old. Age limits vary with each norm. Also young children's lung sizes vary greatly. Norm values and interpretive results are not available for patients under 3 years of age. Pediatric use in the US for ages 6 and above.

PEF. Peak expiratory flow (in L/s). The largest expiratory flow achieved with a forced effort.

PIF. Peak inspiratory flow (in L/s). The largest inspiratory flow achieved with a forced effort.

post-test. A test that provides data to compare with pre-test data. Sometimes called post-Rx or post-BD (bronchodilator). A post-test must follow a pre-test within 24 hours. See also **reversibility**.

predictive curve. A curve that follows a set of predictive points.

predictive points. Key values from the selected norm and from composite norms (if enabled). Applicable for FVC tests only. For flow/volume curves, predictive values are PEF, FEF25, FEF50, FEF75, and FVC (all are represented as points). For volume/time curves, predictive values are FEV1 (represented as point) and FVC (represented as horizontal line). If predictive points are enabled, all available values appear on the screen and the printout.

pre-test. A test that provides a baseline for comparison with a post-test taken by the same patient. Sometimes called pre-Rx or pre-BD (bronchodilator). Pre-tests and post-tests are commonly used to evaluate the effectiveness of medication. See also **reversibility**.

reversibility. The percentage difference between pre-test and post-test data. This measurement indicates the effect of medication on lung function. Reversibility applies to each parameter separately. The reversibility formula, which determines the way in which reversibility is calculated, is user-selectable.

SVC. Slow (relaxed) vital capacity. (1) A type of test in which patients breathe normally several times, then inhale maximally and exhale maximally, or vice versa. (2) An important parameter (in liters): the maximum volume of air exhaled from the point of maximum inhalation, or maximum volume of air inhaled from a point of maximum exhalation.

test. A set of efforts—at least 1 and no more than 12—in various possible combinations of FVC efforts, SVC efforts, or both. Tests may include pre- and post-efforts (FVC or SVC to measure the effectiveness of medication.

Tex. Tidal breathing expiration time (in seconds). See also tidal breathing.

tidal breathing. Spontaneous or normal breathing. See also Tin and Tex.

tidal volume. See VT.

Tin. Tidal breathing inspiration time (in seconds). See also tidal breathing.

Tin/Tex. The ratio of these two parameters. See also Tin and Tex.

TV. See VT.

variance. The difference between the best and second best effort's parameter for FEV1 and FVC. Pretest and post-test variance are reported separately. See also **best effort**.

VC. Vital capacity. See also FVC and SVC.



volume = f(t). See volume/time.

volume/time. Same as volume over time or volume = f(t). A type of data curve available during both FVC and SVC testing. The y axis represents liters; the x axis represents seconds.

VT. Tidal volume (in liters). Also called TV, although VT is the preferred abbreviation. The volume of air that enters the lungs during inspiration and leaves the lungs during expiration in a normal breathing cycle. See also **MV** and **tidal breathing**.

workstation. See CardioPerfect workstation.

z. A dimensionless value that indicates how many standard deviations a measurement is away from the predicted value. For example, z = -1 means that the measured parameter value is one standard deviation below the predicted value. The z-score will be shown together with the % predicted values for the norms that support z-score calculation.



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